

# Object Groups

## Object groups

User access rights in the D2000 system are set up for users via so-called object groups. They can be created in the process [D2000 CNF](#) and then assigned to individual operators. For access to an object group, it is possible to define the access right level: **Read**, **Control**, **Modify** and **No access**. The lowest access priority has the level **Read**, the highest level has **No access**.


Access right level	Access to system objects
Read	Access to values of the objects.
Control	Change of values of the objects.
Modify	Change of the object configuration (via the process <a href="#">D2000 CNF</a> , editing pictures in the process <a href="#">D2000 GrEditor</a> , etc.).
No access	No access to the objects.

As one object can be a member of several groups, a situation when the user has various access right levels to the particular object can occur. In such a case, the access level with the highest priority is applied.

### Example - object's membership in several groups with various access right level

The station *Station01* with its children (all the I/O tags whose parent is the station) is a member of the group *GroupA* with the access right level **Control** defined. A child of the object *Station01* - the I/O tag *Point* is a member of the group *GroupB* with the access right level **No access**. Then access to the object *Point* is denied for the user.

An object group is defined by its name and description. The content of the object group is the list of objects, that belong to it.

 **Related pages:**

[Create a new object group](#)  
[Configuration of an object group](#)  
[Home group](#)  
[ReadOnly mode](#)