Hivus communication protocol

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Supported device types and versions

The Hivus communication protocol supports communication with control units (RJ) and dataloggers (HDL) produced by Hivus. The communication was implemented and tested with the RJ-05e control unit. The control unit is used to time control of performance and regulation of desoster devices (air ozonizers).

Communication line configuration

- · Category of communication line: Serial, MOXA IP Serial Library
- Parameters of the serial line:
 - o Baud rate: 19200 Baud
 - o Parity: optional

Note: Parity MARK (sending the device address) and SPACE (all others) are set during transmission, so the parity setting is not important.

· Handshaking: none

Note: communication on the Serial line was tested on computer serial port, virtual serial port corresponding to MOXA NPort device, and virtual serial port corresponding to Serial/USB converter USB-COM GemBird.

Communication on MOXA IP Serial Library line was tested through the use of MOXA NPort 5450I.

Communication station configuration

- · Communication protocol: Hivus Controller
- Station address: 1 Byte.
 - Address 0 is "broadcast" (each device responses to it, but only on reading by 02h function). I/O tag type 105 (logger number) is used to detect the real address of the device.
 - Addresses 1-255 represents the common addresses of devices (04h function is used to read data).
- Time parameters recommended polling period is 1 min (to avoid overloading the processor of the control unit by very frequent communication).

Station protocol parameters

Configuration dialog window - Communication station - field "Protocol parameters".

These parameters influence some optional parameters of the protocol. The following parameters can be used:

Tab. . 1

Keyword	Full name	Description	Unit	Default value
DBGI	Debug Input	Value 1 activates the listing of information about received values of I/O tags in the trace file of the line in the format: In I/Otag_name = value	-	2
DBGO	Debug Output	Value 1 activates the listing of information about written values of I/O tags in the trace file of the line in the format: Out I/Otag_name = value	-	2
RAW	Read After Write	If the parameter is True, the writing of value (by 05h function) is followed by reading. Note: Reading does not relate to date and time settings that are done by the protocol function 01h (see I/O tag 121).	-	False

I/O tag configuration

Possible value types of I/O tag: Ai, Ao, Ci, Di, TxtO, TxtI.

I/O tag address is written in the format:

- T=type I/O tags without index
- T=type;l=index I/O tags with index (channels and signalization of failures on desoster)
- T=type;l=index;J=index; I/O tag contains raw data of protocol with address 100

The header, which is read from the control unit by the KOM process, contains the information that is mapped into I/O tags without an index (e.g. moto hours worked, number of engaged channels, type of control unit), information about channels and signalization of failures on desosters.

There can be configured 0 up to 8 channels. Each channel is defined by characteristics (1-15, see table below), value, upper/lower limit (something like upper/lower limit in D2000). The channels can be addressed in two ways:

- 1. consecutive number 1-8:
 - instantaneous value is addressed by T=16, I=1..8 in I/O tag,
 - type is addressed by T=17, I=1..8 in I/O tag
 - upper limit is addressed by T=18, I=1..8 in I/O tag
 - lower limit is addressed by T=19, I=1..8 in I/O tag
- 2. order within channels with particular characteristics. Instantaneous value of *i*-th measurements with characteristic *t* is addressed by T=*t*, I=*i*. For example, instantaneous value of third measurement of type 1 [temperature] is defined by T=1, I=3 no matter on which channel this temperature occurs.

Signalization of failures on desoster enables to read the statuses of desoster 1..10 that are connected to concentrator 1 (T=101) or concentrator 2 (T=102).

These I/O tags can be configured:

Table 1 - I/O tags for channels

Address	Value type	Meaning		
T=type;l=i ndex	Ai, Ci, Di	Index can	of instantaneous value of measurement of <i>typ type</i> , which is <i>in</i> be from range 18. be from range 115 according to table below:	dex-th in order.
		Туре	Description	
		1	Temperature (°C)	
		2	Relative humidity (%)	
		3	Ozone concentration (ppm - parts per million)	
		4	Pressure (kPa)	
		5	Flow (m3/hour)	
		6	Air quality (ppm)	
		7	VOC - Volatile organic compounds (ppm - parts per million)	
		8	Flow velocity (m/s)	
		9	Toxicity (%)	
		10	Intensity (%)	
		11	NH3 concentration (ppm - parts per million)	
		12	CO concentration (ppm - parts per million)	
		13	State of blocking sensor (0/1)	
		14	Dew point (%)	
		15	State of the fan (0/1)	
			of address: <i>T=8;I=1</i> - I/O tag will contain the instantaneous val s not configured on any of channels 18, I/O tag value will be i	
		attribute o	tantaneous value of the channel can have a flag indicating the of "WEAK" value in D2000. If the instantaneous value from the the unconnected sensor, it should be probably 0 with an attrib	example mentioned above should have a flag
T=16;I=ind ex	Ai, Ci, Di		of instantaneous value of channel with <i>index</i> . The <i>index</i> can be of address: <i>T</i> =16; <i>I</i> =2 - I/O tag will contain the instantaneous va	
		attribute o	tantaneous value of the channel can have a flag indicating the of "WEAK" value in D2000. If the instantaneous value from the the unconnected sensor, it should be probably 0 with an attrib	example mentioned above should have a flag

T=17;l=ind ex	Ai, Ci	Reading of channel characteristics with <i>index</i> . The i <i>ndex</i> can be from range 18. Example of address: <i>T</i> =17; <i>I</i> =2 - I/O tag will contain the characteristics of channel 2.
		Note: The characteristics can be from range 115 with the meaning stated in the table or invalid if no sensor is connected to the channel.
T=18;l=ind ex	Ai, Ci	Reading of upper limit of the channel with <i>index</i> . The <i>index</i> can be from interval 18. Example of address: $T=18;l=2$ - I/O tag will contain the upper limit of channel 2. Note: The value is invalid if no sensor is connected to the channel.
T=19;l=ind ex	Ai, Ci	Reading of lower limit of the channel with <i>index</i> . The <i>index</i> can be from interval 18. Example of address: $T=19;I=2-1/0$ tag will contain the lower limit of channel 2. Note: The value is invalid if no sensor is connected to the channel.

Table 2 - I/O tags - raw data from the protocol

Address	Value type	Meaning
T=100;l=index; J=index	Txtl	Reading the raw data from the protocol header into the text I/O tag. "I" and "J" indicates the beginning and end byte (1-128), and this condition must be valid: I<=J. For example I/O tag with address <i>T</i> =100; <i>I</i> =113; <i>J</i> =128 (bytes 113-128 from header) contains a comment from printer (it is the same as I/O tag T=110). For example I/O tag with address <i>T</i> =100; <i>I</i> =27; <i>J</i> =29 (bytes 27-29 from the header) contains the type of device (it is the same as I/O tag T=106). Note: These I/O tags are intended for specialists and for future extension of the protocol.

Table 3 - I/O tags relating to fault conditions of desoster

Address	Value type	Meaning
T=101;I=in dex T=102;I=in dex	Ai, Ci, Di	Reading of signalization of device failure with an <i>index</i> that is connected to concentrator No. 1 (if T=101) or concentrator No. 2 (if T=102). If the <i>index</i> is from the range 110, the I/O tag value will contain the information about the failure on a particular desoster (according to the value 0/1, False/True). If <i>index</i> =0, the I/O tag will contain the information about all 10 desosters as integer (status of desoster 1 in 1. bit up to desoster 10 in 10. bit) Example of address: <i>T</i> =101; <i>I</i> =2 - the I/O tag will read the failure signal of desoster 2 that connected with concentrator 1. Note: If the information in the protocol contains a bit, which signalizes "concentrator is not connected", the value of the I/O tag will be <i>Invalid</i> .

Table 4 - I/O tags without indexes

Address	Value type	Meaning
T=103	Ai, Ci	Worked moto hours - value from range 0-999 999.
T=104	Ai, Ci	The number of connected sensors - value from range 0-8. The channels with connected scanners have valid values (I/O tags of types 1 to 19 - see table 1), other channels have invalid values.
T=105	Ai, Ci	The control unit number (equal to the station address). It is used to detect the real address of the station if the station address will be 0 (broadcast).
T=106	Txtl	 3-sign string that defines the type of device: HDL - Hivus Data Logger RJB - control unit without a fan RJV - control unit with fan
T=107	Ai, Ao	Setpoint for controlling ozone (O3) in ppm. Also, the writing of value is supported (the protocol function 05h).
T=108	Ai, Ao	The threshold for an indication of the O3 level in ppm. Also, the writing of value is supported (the protocol function 05h).
T=109	Txtl, TxtO	16-sign string - upper and lower limits for the printer. Also, the writing of value is supported (the protocol function 05h). Note: Presently, this string contains only a protocol-encoded setpoint for controlling ozone and threshold of ozone indication, therefore it is recommended to read and write values by I/O tags T=107 and T=108.

T=110	TxtI, TxtO	16-sign string - comment of print. Also, the writing of value is supported (the protocol function 05h). Note: This I/O tag is also used to set a control band, blocking sensor, signalization, language, to switch manual/automatic mode, to set parameters of modes, etc. For more information, see the documentation for communication protocol.
T=121	TxtO	Writes values to control unit (by protocol function 01h). Supported values: • time - format of value: Thhmmss (hh-hour, mm-minute, ss-second), e.g. T142030 means a time 14:20:30 • date - format of value Dddmmyyw (dd-day, mm-month, yy-year, w-weekday: Monday=1 Sunday=7), e.g. D2304153 means date 23.4.2015, Wednesday
T=122	TxtI, TxtO	Writes 32-bytes of limit values into the control unit (by the protocol function 05h). Note: The first 16 bytes is equal to the I/O tag with address 109, the other 16 bytes are equal to the I/O tag with address 110. It is recommended to read and write values by I/O tags T=107, T=108, and T=110.

Literature

Changes and modifications

Document revisions

• Ver. 1.0 - April 23, 2015 - creating the document



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