DLMS/COSEM

DLMS/COSEM communication protocol

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Supported device types and versions

This protocol executes a serial communication with the devices by binary HDLC protocol according to DLMS/COSEM standard. It supports only so-called "Short Name (SN) referencing" addressing of I/O tags.

Devices under test:

- EMH LZQJ
- Landis ZMD400

Communication line configuration

• Supported line categories: Serial, SerialOverUDP Device Redundant, MODEM.

Station configuration

• Communication protocol "DLMS/COSEM".

The station address (DLMS Server HDLC/MAC Address) consists of two parts: Upper MAC Address and Lower MAC Address. Each of them is in the range from 0 to 16383 (3FFFH).

DLMS Server HDLC/MAC Address						
Upper MAC Address	1					
Lower MAC Address						

As per a specification, DLMS UA 1000-2 Ed. 7.0 (Green Book) represents:

- Upper MAC Address is used for addressing a Logical Device, i.e. separately addressable entity within the physical device.
- Lower MAC Address is used for addressing of a Physical Device, i.e. multi-drop address on the line.

Upper MAC Address is required. An implicit value, which is set when missing the station address, is a reserved address Upper MAC Address = 1 (Management Logical Device).

In ordinary situations, when the physical device is identical with the logical one (one physical device = one logical device), you need not change this address. If the physical device integrates more logical devices, you should monitor the registry content "0-0:41.0.0" of "SAP assignment" class (class_id=17, attribute 2 "SAP_assignment_list") in the dialog box "DLMS SN Object List". This dialog box shows the list of logical devices that are integrated in the physical one.

📺 📷 0°1.22.0.0	pase_name=boyo, rbo nobbo perup (class_ru=zp, version=r)
🚊 🖅 0-0:41.0.0	base_name=FC00, SAP assignment (class_id=17, version=0)
🕀 <u>II</u> 1. logica	al_name (static)
🚊 <u>10</u> 2. SAP_	_assignment_list (static)
🛛 🐼 Attri	bute value= SAP: 16 (EMH0000000563911)
🗄 🌄 nn 🖅 nn	have name=ED00_Data (alars id=1_uarsion=0)

This is the example of value representation of the attribute "SAP_assignment_list" of the class "SAP assignment" in the device which contains one logical devices with Upper MAC Address 16.

See also the protocol parameter "Client MAC address" and a document "DLMS UA 1000-2 Ed. 7.0", chapter 8.4.2.3 "Reserved special HDLC addresses".

Station parameters

Communication station configuration dialog box - **Protocol parameters** tab. It influences some optional protocol parameters. The following station protocol parameters can be set:

Table 1

Parameter	Meaning	Unit / size	Default value
Modem Telephone Number	Phone number for modem connection with a device (only for MODEM lines).		
Application Context	Setting of this parameter of DLMS/COSEM protocol. Only Short_Name_Referencing_No_Ciphering is supported. Do not change value of this parameter.	Logical_Name _Referencing_ No_Ciphering Short_Name_R eferencing_No _Ciphering Logical_Name _Referencing With_Ciphering Short_Name_R eferencingWith h_Ciphering	Short_Name_ Referencing_ No_Ciphering
Client MAC Address	HDLC MAC address of a client (i.e. D2000 KOM process). A default value is 10H which is the reserved value "Public client". See "DLMS UA 1000-2 Ed. 7.0" document, chapter 8.4.2.3 "Reserved special HDLC addresses".	0 7FH	10H
HDLC Max_info_field_I ength-receive parameter	Maximal length of one HDLC frame packet on the receiver from the device. When occurring some communication problems (e.g. checksum error and so on), we recommend you to decrease the value of this parameter.		250
HDLC Max_info_field_l ength-transmit parameter	Maximal length of one HDLC frame packet on the transmitter to the device. When occurring some communication problems (e.g. checksum error and so on), we recommend you to decrease the value of this parameter.		250
Client Max Receive PDU Size	Maximal length of PDU (data packet). One PDU can be divided into more HDLC frame packets according to settings of HDLC protocol parameters Max_info_field_length-receive parameter and HDLC Max_info_field_length-transmit parameter.	32 2400	1200
Opening Mode	Opening mode of connection with device. If device is configured so that it directly uses DLMS/COSEM protocol on the given interface, set "Direct HDLC".	Direct HDLC IEC mode E	Direct HDLC
	Mostly (e.g. when reading through IR opto interface by optical reading head) you must open the connection by IEC protocol in so-called "mode E" and then transfer to HDLC binary protocol (i.e. DLMS/COSEM).		
	"Mode E", according to specification of IEC protocol, uses the following setting of the transmission parameters:		
	 baud rate 300 Baud, 7 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit. 		
	If "Opening Mode" is set on "IEC mode E", above mentioned transmission parameters must be set. As for Serial communication line, the parameters must be set in the line parameters "Mode 1". See the protocol parameter "Software 7E1".		
	The setting of the baud rate on 300 Baud is not required when using the line of MODEM category. It uses so-called DTE speed, between PC and modem. If this speed is higher than 300 Baud, you have to activate "handshaking" parameter on RTS/CTS in proper line mode.		
	If parameter "Direct HDLC" is set, any dynamic change of transfer parameters is not expected. You can use any Serial line mode and set it by parameter "Line mode" on the station.		
	More information is mentioned in IEC 62056-21, Electricity metering - Data exchange for meter reading, tariff and load control - Part 21: Direct local data exchange, Annex E: "METERING HDLC protocol using protocol mode E for direct local data exchange".		
	See also chapter "Setting of transmission parameters".		

IEC Device Address	It is a station address (device) and is used only if Opening mode is set on "IEC Mode E". The parameter is optional. It identifies the address of device at the beginning of communication via IEC protocol. If this parameter is not defined, the address will not be set and the device will always respond. If several devices are connected to one line (e.g., RS485 bus), IEC address of device must be sets on that the devices could be identified and avoid a collision. A device address is max. 32 characters consisting of figures (09), capital letters (A2), small letters (a2) or blank space (). Zeros in front of valid figure are ignored (i.e. address 10203 = 010203 = 000010203). TEC Device Address" is a serial number of device. This register has address '0-0:C.1.0' - Device ID 1, manufacturing number in OBIS addressing. The plcture below shows the front panel of EMH LZQJ device. There is serial number, i.e. IEC address (563911). If device contains a display, this value may be displayed as you can see on the picture. EVENTIFY of Control of CONTIFY of Control of Co		-
Baudrate Changeover (Z)	This parameter is used only if Opening mode is set on "IEC Mode E". It defines baud rate for the communication through HDLC protocol DLMS/COSEM after changeover from IEC mode E to the HDLC binary communication. As for Serial line, this parameter must set the baud rate on "Mode 2". AUTO option sets the baud rate according to the value from a device. If this baud rate can not be identified, you should trace the diagnostic communication logs. You can find there the following message: 10:46:05.809 30-05-2011 D DLMS> Z Detected: '4' = 4800 Bd and set the baud rate according to it. HDLC binary communication through DLMS/COSEM protocol unlike the opening IEC step is realized by different parameters which have to be set in "Mode 2" of the Serial line category: 8 data bits, 0 none parity, 1 stop bit. See the parameter "Software 7E1" and the chapter Settings of transmission parameters.	300 600 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 AUTO	AUTO
Software 7E1	It is used if "Opening mode" is set on "IEC Mode E". YES option switches SW emulation of transfer parameters of 7 data bits, even parity when the transfer parameters of 8 data bits are set, none parity (i.e. emulation 7E1 when 8N1 is set). It enables to use "IEC mode E" option for SerialOverUDP lines that do not support a dynamic changes of transfer parameters. See the chapter Settings of transmission parameters.	YES/NO	NO
Wake-up Message Length	It is used if "Opening mode" is set on "IEC Mode E". Nonzero value activates the sending of so-called "wake-up message" which activates the communication interface of battery-powered device. The null characters (0x00) are sent according to quantity that is characterized by the parameter value. The baud rate must be 300 Baud (select "Mode 1" for Serial lines). More information is mentioned in <i>IEC 62056-21, Electricity metering - Data exchange for meter reading, tariff and load control - Part 21:</i> <i>Direct local data exchange</i> , Annex B: "Wake-up methods for battery-operated tariff devices".	0 120	0
Delay After Wake-up	It is used if "Opening mode" is set on "IEC Mode E".	ms	0
wessage	n so-carred wake-up message is acrivated, this parameter derines a delay after sending of wake-up message even before beginning of communication. As for Serial line, we recommend to set "WaitTxEMPTY" parameter in particular line mode.		
No Disconnect	A Disconnect request will not be used after the readout of values from a device is finished. During next readout a connection	YES/NO	NO
	establishment phase is omitted (HULC mode-setting request and AARQ negotiation request). This allows for greater data throughput and increase of the frequency of reading values from the device.		
Dial Timeout	Maximum waiting time for dial-up modem connection (only for MODEM lines).	1600 s	60 s
Dial Retry Count	Iviaximum reuy count of dial-up modern connection (only for MODEM lines).	120	1

Dial Retry Timeout	Delay before attempting to dial after an unsuccessful connection attempt (only for MODEM lines).	1 600 s	30 s
After Connect Delay	Time delay after the dial-up connection has been established (only for MODEM lines) but before the beginning of communication. It is used to stabilize the modem connection mostly as far as the old types of modems. After this timeout passes, all the redundant symbols (the residues of AT modem communication) will be read and ignored.	0 30 s	5 s
Wait First Timeout	Delay after sending the request but before reading the response.	ms	100 ms
Wait Timeout	Delay between reading the till its completion.	ms	200 ms
Max. Wait Retry	Retry count of reading response till its completion.	1 100	20
Retry Timeout	Delay between the request retry if the error communication occurs.	ms	500 ms
Retry Count	Retry count of request as far as the error communication.	1 20	3
AT Command 1	A special initial string of modem 1 (only for MODEM lines).		AT&FE0V1Q 0B0X3L0M0
AT Command 2	A special initial string of modem 2 (only for MODEM lines). Explanation of recommended settings: S37=5 1200bps DTE-DTE speed - limits the speed for modems. Many devices use modems with limited transfer speeds and this setting can speed-up the connection establishment process. Higher transfer speeds must be negotiated individualy. &D2 DTR drop to hangup - for matching with tha parameter of modem line (line configuration, tab "Modem - parameters", check the option "Use DTR for Hangup"). S0=0 Disable auto-answer. Auto-answer will not be used. S30=2 20 sec inactivity timeout - automatic hangup after idle timeout expired. Necessary for assuring connection termination after the communication with the last device is over.		ATS37=5&D2 S0=0S7=60S 30=2
Full Debug	Full communication monitoring. It enables to show the I/O tag values and other debug information.	YES/NO	NO

Settings of transmission parameters

Example 1 - line category Serial, the communication through IR optical head.

Line mode 1	300 Baud, 7 data bits, 1 stop bit, even parity
Line mode 2	300 Baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, none parity
Opening Mode	IEC mode E
Baudrate Changeover (Z)	300
Software 7E1	NO

Example 2 - line category Serial, communication through IR optical head.

Line mode 1	300 Baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, none parity
Line mode 2	300 Baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, none parity
Opening Mode	IEC mode E
Baudrate Changeover (Z)	300
Software 7E1	YES

Example 3 - line category Serial, communication through RS232/RS485 interface.

Line mode 1	4800 Baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, none parity
Opening Mode	Direct HDLC

I/O tag configuration

Possible I/O tag types: Ai, Ci, Di, Txtl, TiA, TiR.

I/O tag address

To understand the object addressing in DLMS/COSEM protocol, you should know so-called OBIS standard according to IEC 62056-61 Object Identification system (OBIS), Annex A - Code presentation.

The supported mode "Short Name (SN) referencing" does not use OBIS address but a numerical address in the range of 16 bits.

The individual data entities are presented in so-called COSEM objects (Companion Specification for Energy Metering), which are the instances of COSEM classes (COSEM interface classes, COSEM IC). The types of COSEM classes are specified in the document "COSEM Identification System and Interface Classes, Ed. 10.0", i.e. DLMS Blue Book. Each COSEM class has own identification number ("class_id") and the attributes with the sequence number. The attribute helps to get a specific parameter of given data entity.

Each instance has its initial address (base_name), which is also the address of the first attribute of class. "logical_name" is the first attribute of all COSEM classes. When reading this attribute, a user can obtain OBIS address of data entity that is presented by given class. The address of other attributes are calculated according to this formula:

short_name = base_name + ((attribute_index - 1) * 0x08)

The attributes can be static or dynamic depending on whether their value is static (i.e. unchanging, set by a producer or in configuration of device) or dynamic (changing). In D2000 System, we recommend to configure only the dynamic attributes because the own value of measured data entity is in dynamic attributes. If it is necessary, for the interpretation of value in dynamic attribute, other static or dynamic attributes can be read automatically. See more information in the section Supported COSEM clasess.

In the following tables you can find the supported COSEM classes. The attributes that represents own value of data entity (i.e. value that is important for a user) are characterized as "Yes, value of entity" in the column "Support in D2000". The static attributes are read automatically and characterized as "Automatically".

Supported COSEM classes

Data class_id = 1, version = 0		Basic class that contains	data entity accessible via attribute "value".		
Attribute Attribute value type			Attribute description	Support in D2000	
1.	logical_name (static)	octet-string (text)		OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I/O tag
2.	value (dynamic)	CHOICE (see supported	types of attribute values)	Own value of data entity.	Yes, value of entity

Register class_id = 3, version = 0		A class with data entity value that is accessible via attribute "value". The multiply coefficient, which is gained by static attribute "scaler_unit", is used automatically.			
Attribute Attribute		Attribute value type A		Attribute description	Support in D2000
1	logical_name (static)	octet-string (text)		OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I/O tag
2	value (dynamic)	CHOICE (see supported types of attribute values)		Own value of data entity.	Yes, value of entity
3	. scaler_unit - (static) -			Technical units and multiply coefficient.	Automatically

Extended register class with data automatically.			class with data automatically.	entity value that is accessible via attribute "value". The multiply coefficient, which is gained by static attribute "scaler_unit", is use A time stamp, which has been gained by the reading of dynamic attribute "capture_time", is added to the entity value.	ed
Attribute Attribute value type		e type	Attribute description		
1.	logical_nam e (static) octet-string (text)		ext)	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I/O tag
2.	value (dynamic)	CHOICE (see types of attrib	supported ute values)	Own value of data entity.	Yes, value of entity
3.	scaler_unit (static)	-		Technical units and multiply coefficient.	Automatically
4.	status (dynamic)	CHOICE (see types of attrib	supported ute values)	Status of the value. The standard does not specify the interpretation of this value. Mostly, it is a numerical value and you can find necessary information about its interpretation in a device manual.	Yes, separate I/O tag
5.	capture_tim e (dynamic)	date_time		Time stamp of data entity value.	Automatically

Demand register A register for n class_id = 5, version = 0		A register for n	neasurement of accumulation energy supply in given period. See more info in DLMS Blue Book.		
Attribute Attribute value type		type	Attribute description	Support in D2000	
1.	logical_name (static)	octet-string (text)		OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I /O tag
2.	current_average_v alue (dynamic)	v CHOICE (see supported types of attribute values)		Current situation of energy supply that is accumulated since the beginning of the period.	Yes, value of entity
3.	last_average_value (dynamic) CHOICE (see supported types of attribute values)		supported te values)	Value of energy accumulated in last period.	Yes, value of entity
4.	scaler_unit (static)	-		Technical units and multiply coefficient.	Automatically

5.	status (dynamic)	CHOICE (see supported types of attribute values)	Status of the value. The standard does not specify the interpretation of this value. Mostly, it is a numerical value and you can fined necessary information about its interpretation in a device manual.	Yes, separate I /O tag
6.	capture_time (dynamic)	date_time	Time stamp of data entity value in the attribute "last_average_value".	Automatically
7.	start_time_current (dynamic)	date_time	Time stamp of the beginning of accumulated energy measurement with current status in the attribute "current_average_value".	Automatically
8.	period (static)	double-long-unsigned	Interval period between two changes in data entity value in the attribute "last_average_value". The value is in seconds.	Yes, separate I /O tag
9.	number_of_periods (static)	long-unsigned	Period count that are used for calculation of data entity value in the attribute "last_average_value". If "number_of_periods" > 1, "last_average_value" represents "sliding demand". If "number_of_periods" = 1, "last_average_value" represents "block demand".	Yes, separate I /O tag

CI cla	ock ss_id = 8, version = 0		Current	time and other time parameters.	
At	ribute	Attribute type	e value	Attribute description	Support in D2000
1.	logical_name (static)	octet-stri (text)	ing	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I /O tag
2.	time (dynamic)	date_tim	ie	Current local time.	Yes, value of entity
3.	time_zone (static)	ne_zone (static) long		Deviation of local time from UTC in minutes.	Yes, separate I /O tag
4.	status (dynamic)	unsigned	d	Time status: bit 0 (LSB): invalid value, bit 1: doubful value, bit 2: different clock base, bit 3: invalid clock status, bit 4: reserved, bit 5: reserved, bit 6: reserved, bit 6: reserved, bit 7 (MSB): daylight saving active	Yes, separate I /O tag
5.	daylight_savings_begin (static)	date_tim	ie	Time of passing from local time to daylight saving time (DST).	Yes, separate I /O tag
6.	6. daylight_savings_end date_time (static)		ie	Time of passing from daylight saving time to local time.	Yes, separate I /O tag
7.	daylight_savings_deviation (static)	integer		Deviation of DS time from standard time in minutes within the range +/- 120 minutes.	Yes, separate I /O tag
8.	daylight_savings_enabled (static)	boolean		TRUE = DST enabled, FALSE = DST disabled	Yes, separate I /O tag
9.	9. clock_base (static) enum			Type of source type of exact time: (0) not defined, (1) internal crystal, (2) mains frequency 50 Hz, (3) mains frequency 60 Hz, (4) GPS (global positioning system), (5) radio controlled	Yes, separate I /O tag

SAP assignment class_id = 17, version = 0		0	Inform	nformation about an assignment of logical devices.			
,	Attribute	Attribut value ty	te ype	Attribute description	Support in D2000		
	. logical_name (static)	octet-st (text)	tring	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class. For this case, it is always "0-0:41.0.0".	Yes, separate I/O tag		
2	2. SAP_assignment_I ist (static)	asslist_	type	asslist_type is a structure array with addresses and text description "logical device name". It can be only in text format, i.e. I/E tag must be of Txtl type. See information about the station configuration.	Yes, separate I/O tag		

IEC local port setup class_id = 19, version = 1		Informa	mation about the configuration of communication interface for the communication according to IEC 62056-21.			
Attribute		Attribut value t	te ype	Attribute description	Support in D2000	
1	logical_name (static)	octet-s (text)	tring	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
2	default_mode (static)	enum		It defines the protocol that is used by device on the port: (0) protocol according to IEC 62056-21 (modes AE), (1) protocol according to Clause 8 of DLMS UA 1000-2 Ed. 7.0. Using this enumeration value all other attributes of this IC are not applicable, (2) protocol not specified. Using this enumeration value, attribute 4, prop_baud is used for setting the communication speed on the port. All other attributes are not applicable.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
3	default_baud (static)	enum		Baud rate in so-called "opening sequence": (0) 300 baud, (1) 600 baud, (2) 1 200 baud, (3) 2 400 baud, (4) 4 800 baud, (5) 9 600 baud, (6) 19 200 baud, (7) 38 400 baud, (8) 57 600 baud, (9) 115 200 baud	Yes, separate I /O tag	

4.	prop_baud (static)	enum	Baud rate which is suggested by device. The values are the same as "default_baud".	Yes, separate I /O tag
5.	response_time (static)	enum	It defines minimal time between the receiving of request (the end of request telegram) and the sending of response (the beginning of response telegram): (0) 20 ms, (1) 200 ms	Yes, separate I /O tag
6.	device_addr (static)	octet-string	Device address for IEC 62056-21 protocol.	Yes, separate I /O tag
7.	pass_p1 (static)	octet-string	Password 1 according to IEC 62056-21.	Yes, separate I /O tag
8.	pass_p2 (static)	octet-string	Password 2 according to IEC 62056-21.	Yes, separate I /O tag
9.	pass_w5 (static)	octet-string	Password W5 reserved for national applications.	Yes, separate I /O tag

IE(cla	IEC HDLC setup class_id = 23, version = 1				
Attribute		Attribute value type	Attribute description	Support in D2000	
1.	logical_name (static)	octet- string (text)	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
2.	comm_speed (static)	enum	Communication speed on the proper port: (0) 300 baud, (1) 600 baud, (2) 1 200 baud, (3) 2 400 baud, (4) 4 800 baud, (5) 9 600 baud, (6) 19 200 baud, (7) 38 400 baud, (8) 5 7 600 baud, (9) 115 200 baud	Yes, separate I /O tag	
3.	window_size_transmit (static)	unsigned	The maximum number of frames that a device or system can transmit before it needs to receive an acknowledgement from a corresponding station. During logon, other values can be negotiated.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
4.	window_size_receive (static)	unsigned	The maximum number of frames that a device or system can receive before it needs to transmit an acknowledgement to the corresponding station. During logon, other values can be negotiated.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
5.	max_info_field_length _transmit (static)	long- unsigned	The maximum information field length that a device can transmit. During logon, a smaller value can be negotiated.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
6.	max_info_field_length _receive (static)	long- unsigned	The maximum information field length that a device can receive. During logon, a smaller value can be negotiated.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
7.	inter_octet_time_out (static)	long- unsigned	Defines the time, expressed in milliseconds, over which, when any character is received from the primary station, the device will treat the already received data as a complete frame.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
8.	inactivity_time_out (static)	long- unsigned	From the primary station, the device will process a disconnection. When this value is set to 0, this means that the inactivity_time_out is not operational.	Yes, separate I /O tag	
9.	device_address (static)	long- unsigned	Contains the physical device address of a device. In the case of one byte addressing: 0x00 NO_STATION Address, 0x010x0F Reserved for future use, 0x100x7D Usable address space, 0x7E 'CALLING' device address, 0x7F Broadcast address	Yes, separate I /O tag	
			In the case of two byte addressing: 0x0000 NO_STATION address, 0x00010x000F Reserved for future use, 0x00100x3FFD Usable address space, 0x3FFE 'CALLING' physical device address, 0x3FFF Broadcast address		

Historical data reading from loading profiles

The reading of historical data from loading profiles is made by the instances of COSEM classes "Profile generic" (class_id = 7), i.e. the configuration of I/O tag in attribute 2 (*"buffer"*). This I/O tag always contains the invalid valued in D2000 System but it enables to read a buffer of the instance of COSEM class "Profile generic".

Pro cla	ofile generic ss_id = 7, version = 1			
Att	ribute	Attribute value type	Attribute description	Support in D2000
1.	logical_name (static)	octet-string (text)	OBIS address of data entity which is represented by an instance of this class.	Yes, separate I/O tag
2.	buffer (dynamic)	array	Data of stored objects.	Yes, see above mentioned
3.	capture_objects (static)	array	List of object, whose values are stored.	Automatic or separate I/O tag of TxtI type
4.	capture_period (static)	double-long- unsigned	Period of data storage in seconds. if the value = 0, data are stored by trigger, not automatically.	Yes, separate I/O tag
5.	sort_method (static)	enum	Method to sort data in profile: (1) fifo (first in first out), (2) lifo (last in first out), (3) largest, (4) smallest, (5) nearest_to_zero, (6) farest_from_zero	Yes, separate I/O tag
6.	sort_object (static)		It specifies the object or time according to which the data are sorted in a profile.	Yes, separate I/O tag
7.	entries_in_use (dynamic)	double-long- unsigned	Number of records that have been saved into buffer of profile.	Yes, separate I/O tag
8.	profile_entries (static)	double-long- unsigned	Maximum records that can be stored into buffer.	Yes, separate I/O tag

Data about objects that are accessible by reading of attribute "*capture_objects*" are stored into buffer. D2000 System automatically searches I/O tags (its address parameters) that match the objects from attribute "*capture_objects*". The objects are searched by these parameters: "*logical_name*", "*class_id*" and "*attribute_index*".

TELL command GETOLDVAL or ESL action GETOLDVAL start the reading of all the configured loading profiles on the station. The time interval with data is always read by the parameters of TELL command or ESL action from the loading profile.

Supported value types of class attributes

Туре	Description, meaning	Supported conversion into D2000 value types
null-data	no data	all as invalid value
boolean	boolean (true/false)	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
bit-string	unsupported	-
double-long	32 bit number signed	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
double-long-unsigned	32 bit number unsigned	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
octet-string	string of bytes	Txtl
visible-string	string (text)	Txtl
UTF8-string	UTF8 string (text)	Txtl
bcd	unsupported	-
integer	8 bit number signed	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
long	16 bit number signed	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
unsigned	8 bit number unsigned	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
long-unsigned	16 bit number unsigned	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
long64	64 bit number signed	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
long64-unsigned	64 bit number unsigned	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
enum	enumerated type	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
float32	float 32 bit	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
float64	float 64 bit	Di, Ci, Ai, Txtl
date-time	date + time	Txtl, TiA
date	date	Txtl, TiA
time	time	Txtl, TiA, TiR

I/O tag address - configuration dialog box

The following picture shows a configuration dialog box of I/O tag address.

Short Name R	eferencing			
base name=	1 0A40	2 class id= 4	7 Select in Object lis	t 3
4	✓ Hex	5 logical_name=	1-1:1.6.1	(optional)
<mark>6</mark> 1-1:1.6.1 (b	ase_name=	0A40, class_id=4, v	ersion=0, attribute_index=2)	

The meaning of the parameters in dialog box:

1	Required parameter, it is the initial address of class instance. It is an integer number within the range 0 up to 65520 (0xFFF0 hexadecimal).
2	Required parameter, it is an identification number of COSEM class.
3	Required parameter, it is an index of attribute (a serial number from 1).

The parameters base_name, class_id and attribute_index are required. The parameters base_name and attribute_index are used to calculate Short Name (SN) address according to the formula which helps to get the value of attribute from device. Class_id shows a type of COSEM class. Attribute_index identifies data type that were received from a device.

- 4 The checkbox **Hex** enables to enter the address *base_name* in hexadecimal form (checked) or decimal (unchecked). When editing the existing I/O tag, this checkbox is marked depending on the address that was entered in first configuration of I/O tag (i.e. hexadecimal or decimal). The change of status (checked/unchecked) does not convert automatically the value *base_name* from hexadecimal to decimal and vice-versa.
- 5 The parameter logical_name is optional. It is OBIS address that belongs to Short Name address, configured by parameters base_name, class_id and attribute_index. It is in a text format according to OBIS specification of object address.
 Warning: the parameter is required, if the values of this object are stored into a loading profile. When reading the historical data from the loading profile, they are identified by "logical_name" address, i.e. if the address is not entered, the historical data will not be assigned to the existing I/O tag.
- 6 In the bottom part, there is information about the object address. Their meaning is only to inform the user about a configured object. The information is initialized after choosing the address in DLMS SN Object list dialog box.

7 Clicking on the button Select in Object list... enables to select the address from DLMS SN Object List dialog box.

There are two methods on how to configure the addresses of I/O tags:

- 1. Offline method you have to get all information about device configuration in electronic or other form as an output from the configuration tool or directly from a device producer.
- Online method if the device is connected to D2000 System, you can use online selection from the list of objects, directly on device, through the DLMS SN Object List dialog box.

DLMS SN Object List dialog box

If these conditions are fulfilled - the device is connected to D2000 System, a communication station exists and the device communicates, you can define the parameters of I/O tag address by the selection of the object from the list of all objects on the device. A special class "Association SN" with predefined address base_name 0xFA00 is intended for reading the list of objects. There is no need to configure any other I/O tags, just click on the button **Select in Object list...**.

First loading of the list takes several minutes depending on the baud rate. The window displays the information "Waiting for data...".

After data loading, the list of objects and their description will show in the window:

M.LZQJ_007 - DLMS SN Object List	—X —
🗄 🖅 1-1:21.25.0 base_name=4BA0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🗄 🖅 1-1:41.25.0 base_name=4BD0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🗄 🖅 1-1:61.25.0 base_name=4C00, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🗄 🖅 1-1:1.25.0 base_name=4C30, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🗄 🖅 1-1:23.25.0 base_name=4C60, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🗄 🖅 1-1:43.25.0 base_name=4C90, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🚋 🖅 1-1:63.25.0 base_name=4CC0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🚋 🖅 1-1:3.25.0 base_name=4CF0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🚋 🖅 1-1:29.25.0 base_name=4D20, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🚋 🚋 1-1:49.25.0 base_name=4D50, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🚋 🚋 1-1:69.25.0 base_name=4D80, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:9.25.0 base_name=4DB0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:33.25.0 base_name=4DE0, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:53.25.0 base_name=4E10, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:73.25.0 base_name=4E40, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:13.25.0 base_name=4E70, Register (class_id=3, version=0)	
🖶 💮 0-0:1.0.0 base_name=4F00, Clock (class_id=8, version=0)	
🖶 🛣 1-0:P.1.0 base_name=5000, Profile generic (class_id=7, version=1)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:1.5.0 base_name=5100, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:2.5.0 base_name=5140, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
🖶 🖅 1-1:5.5.0 base_name=5180, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
⊕ 1-1:8.5.0 base_name=51C0, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	E
⊞ 1-0:P.2.0 base_name=6000, Profile generic (class_id=7, version=1)	
Intersection = 1.1:32.5.0 base_name=6100, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
⊞ 1-1:52.5.0 base_name=6140, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
I → III 1-1:72.5.0 base_name=6180, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)	
	T
Show hexadecimal Show inactive objects Show unsupported classes	incel

You can find the following information in the list:

- each row represents one instance of COSEM class,
- OBIS address of object follows the icon of class,
- then there is the information about SN address (base_name) of particular instance of COSEM class and about its type (class_id and version),
- when clicking on symbol (+) you can unhide the COSEM classes, which are supported in D2000 System.

When opening the main nod, the supported attributes of class will display:

🖕 ም 1-1:2.5.0 base_name=5140, Extended register (class_id=4, version=0)
😥 <u>II</u> 1. logical_name (static)
🖶 📶 2. value (dyn.)
🖶 📶 3. scaler_unit (static)
🖶 📶 4. status (dyn.)
🞰 🏠 5. capture_time (dyn.)

The information about attribute includes:

- attribute index (attribute_index) means a sequence number of attribute, it follows the icon,
- attribute name,
- static or dynamic attribute.

There can be next symbol (+) near the icon. When opening it and clicking on the row "Attribute value=", you can get the current value of attribute:



This feature enables fast browsing the attributes of all supported COSEM classes. The dialog window works as the Object List and Value Browser.

The bottom part of dialog box contains these checkboxes:

- Show hexadecimal shows all the addresses of base_name classes as hex number or decimal one.
- Show inactive objects
- Show unsupported classes enables to display the instances of unsupported COSEM classes.

To close the dialog box without any changes, click on Cancel button.

To insert the addressing parameters of attribute of instance into the address of I/O tag, double-click on the particular row. This closes the "DLMS SN Object List" dialog and the parameters will be set for the I/O tag.

OBIS address specification

The definition of OBIS address according to IEC 62056-61 is following:

A B C D E F

- Value group A defines the energy type (0=abstract objects, 1=electricity, 7=gas),
- Value group B defines a channel number,
- Value group C defines a measured physical value,
- Value group D defines a type of processing,
- Value group E defines next processing or classification according to algorithm,
- Value group F defines storage of processed historical data.

Value group A up to F represents the integer number within the range from 0 up to 255.

For Value group C and D you can enter also the character values:

- character 'C' represents 96,
- character 'F' represents 97,
- character 'L' represents 98,
- character 'P' represents 99.

The address is written in text format:

A-B:C.D.E*F

Value group C, D and E must always contains the value. Other blank values will be set on zero (0).

For more information see "List of standard OBIS codes and COSEM objects" on http://www.dlms.com, the document "List of standardized OBIS codes, DLMS UA, V2.3, (c) Copyright 1997-2005 DLMS User Association".

Literature

- DLMS User Association, COSEM Architecture and Protocols, Seventh Edition, (c) Copyright 1997-2009 DLMS User Association (Green book).
- DLMS User Association, COSEM Identification System and Interface Classes, Ed. 10.0, (c) Copyright 1997-2010 DLMS User Association (Blue book).
- International Standard IEC 62056-21, Direct Data Local Exchange, First edition 2002-05.
- International Standard IEC 62056-61, Object Identification System (OBIS), Second edition 2006-11.
- List of standardized OBIS codes, DLMS UA, V2.3, (c) Copyright 1997-2005 DLMS User Association.

Changes and modifications

Document revisions

• Ver. 1.0 - May 30, 2011 - creating of document.

Related pages:

Communication protocols