

Oracle SQL Hints - Performance tuning

D2000 DBManager - performance tuning

Oracle SQL Hints

Oracle SQL Hints are used to pass instructions, or hints, to the performance optimizer of SQL statement.

Syntax:

```
SELECT /*+ <orahint> */ ...
UPDATE /*+ <orahint> */ ...
DELETE /*+ <orahint> */ ...
INSERT /*+ <orahint> */ ...
```

In ESL script actions, the value is used without the opening and terminating characters `/*+`, `*/`.

- [DB_READ / DBS_READ](#)
- [DB_DELETE / DBS_DELETE](#)
- [DB_UPDADE / DBS_UPDATE](#)
- [DB_INSERT / DBS_INSERT](#)
- [DB_INSUPD / DBS_INSUPD](#)
- [DB_READ_BLOB / DBS_READ_BLOB](#)
- [DB_UPDATE_BLOB / DBS_UPDATE_BLOB](#)
- [PG_CONNECT](#)
- [PG_DELETE](#)
- [PG_INSERT](#)
- [PG_UPDATE](#)

Example of use:

```
;with APPEND the rows are written directly to the datafiles and are not logged

DBS_INSERT DB.AR_USER_PRAVO_TEMP, _Temp, _retCode ORAHINT "append"
IF _retCode # _ERR_NO_ERROR THEN
CALL [E.AR] LogError((%GetLastExtErrorCode())) ASYNC ON AR.EVH
ENDIF
```

You can find more information in Oracle documentation.