

StrToTimeEx

%StrToTimeEx function

Old name	%MkATEx						
Function	The function converts a text string to a value of <i>Absolute time</i> type according to given mask .						
Declaration	<pre>TIME %StrToTimeEx(TEXT in String1, TEXT in String2, TEXT in timeZone := %GetCurrentTimeZone())</pre>						
Parameters	<table><tr><td>s t r i n g1</td><td>Text string.</td></tr><tr><td>s t r i n g2</td><td>Mask.</td></tr><tr><td>t i m e z o n e</td><td><p>Name of the time zone used for conversion to local time (e.g. "Europe/London") or definition of fixed offset from UTC using format "(+/-)hh[:mi[:ss]]", where <i>hh</i> defines number of hours, <i>mi</i> defines number of minutes, and <i>ss</i> defines number of seconds. Sign as well as number of hours are mandatory parts of offset definition, number of minutes and seconds are optional and default to 0 (e.g. "+02:30" defines offset of 2 hours and 30 minutes from UTC). Empty text has the same meaning as function %GetCurrentTimeZone.</p><p>Note: For historical reasons, integer parameter is also accepted. Its interpretation is as follows: 0 - zone "Europe/London", 3600 - zone "Europe/Bratislava", 7200 - zone "Europe/Kiev", 21600 - zone "Asia/Almaty". Usage of integer parameter is deprecated and generates warning into log file!</p></td></tr></table>	s t r i n g1	Text string.	s t r i n g2	Mask.	t i m e z o n e	<p>Name of the time zone used for conversion to local time (e.g. "Europe/London") or definition of fixed offset from UTC using format "(+/-)hh[:mi[:ss]]", where <i>hh</i> defines number of hours, <i>mi</i> defines number of minutes, and <i>ss</i> defines number of seconds. Sign as well as number of hours are mandatory parts of offset definition, number of minutes and seconds are optional and default to 0 (e.g. "+02:30" defines offset of 2 hours and 30 minutes from UTC). Empty text has the same meaning as function %GetCurrentTimeZone.</p> <p>Note: For historical reasons, integer parameter is also accepted. Its interpretation is as follows: 0 - zone "Europe/London", 3600 - zone "Europe/Bratislava", 7200 - zone "Europe/Kiev", 21600 - zone "Asia/Almaty". Usage of integer parameter is deprecated and generates warning into log file!</p>
s t r i n g1	Text string.						
s t r i n g2	Mask.						
t i m e z o n e	<p>Name of the time zone used for conversion to local time (e.g. "Europe/London") or definition of fixed offset from UTC using format "(+/-)hh[:mi[:ss]]", where <i>hh</i> defines number of hours, <i>mi</i> defines number of minutes, and <i>ss</i> defines number of seconds. Sign as well as number of hours are mandatory parts of offset definition, number of minutes and seconds are optional and default to 0 (e.g. "+02:30" defines offset of 2 hours and 30 minutes from UTC). Empty text has the same meaning as function %GetCurrentTimeZone.</p> <p>Note: For historical reasons, integer parameter is also accepted. Its interpretation is as follows: 0 - zone "Europe/London", 3600 - zone "Europe/Bratislava", 7200 - zone "Europe/Kiev", 21600 - zone "Asia/Almaty". Usage of integer parameter is deprecated and generates warning into log file!</p>						
Description	<p>In case of an ambiguous time, the function returns standard time (i.e. later time). Ambiguous time can be labelled with the character A - for daylight-saving time and B - for standard time.</p> <p>The ambiguous time distinguished by the characters A and B, A - summer time and B - standard time, on the place of hours. For example: In time zone GMT+1 at 2 a.m. of the local time, the ambiguous time is defined as A2 and B2. In time zone GMT+2 at 3 a.m. of the local time, it is defined as A3 and B3, etc. .</p> <p>For a time that is missing or does not exist, it returns invalid value.</p>						
Example	<pre>%StrToTimeEx("17:03:16 18-03-99", "hh:mi:ss dd-mm-rr")</pre>						



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