

SerialOverUDP Device Redundant and SerialOverUDP Line Redundant

Communication line of SerialOverUDP Device Redundant, SerialOverUDP Line Redundant and SerialOverUDP System&Line Redundant categories

SerialOverUDP Device Redundant, SerialOverUDP Line Redundant, and SerialOverUDP System&Line Redundant communication lines were designed for support of "Serial to Ethernet Device Servers" of (e.g. Moxa NPort serial devices). These devices are powerful compact converters of RS232/422/485 interfaces to the TCP/IP Ethernet which support work in UDP mode. These devices transmit data, received from serial lines, to UDP packets, and send them to one or more IP addresses and ports (where the D2000 KOM process is located). Likewise, the serial device server sends data, which have been received on specific UDP port, to a serial port.

The transmission parameters of the serial line are set in the configuration of the serial device and cannot be changed or set via configuration in the D2000 System. Data, transmitted in UDP packets between the device and D2000 KOM, contain only data of the serial communication. They contain neither the control nor the check characters (e.g. handshaking).

Note: a [RFC2217 Client](#) line can be used to control the parameters of the serial line if the serial server supports the RFC2217 mode.

SerialOverUDP Device Redundant communication line

This line supports a redundancy of serial servers and also working in [D2000 Redundant System](#) if used [communication protocols](#) support redundancy of application server.

Configuration parameters

- **Local Port**

It is a UDP port, to which the KOM process is bound and where the data from the serial server is received. *Local Port* must correspond to the serial server configuration (the parameter *Port* in the line where IP address with KOM process is set). A local UDP port must be a unique, neither another line nor any application (out of D2000 System) can use it.

- **Primary Device - Port**

IP address or hostname of a serial server. It is a UDP port that receives the data transmitted by the D2000 KOM process. The *Port* value must correspond to the serial server configuration (the parameter "*Local Listen Port*").

- **Use Backup Device**

Check this option if you use a redundant configuration of the serial servers.

- **Backup Device - Port**

IP address or hostname of a backup serial server. It is a UDP port that receives the data transmitted by the D2000 KOM process. The *Port* value must correspond to the serial server configuration (the parameter "*Local Listen Port*").

The Serial Device Redundancy and D2000 System Redundancy

The most simple way to design Serial device redundancy can be most easily implemented by connecting the RS485 interfaces of serial servers for the half-duplex protocols. The half-duplex protocols are all which use a request/response principle, which is basically almost all protocols for the asynchronous serial interfaces.

Some of the [communication protocols](#) support D2000 System Redundancy where there are more instances of KOM process (KOM process on HOT server and KOM process on SBS server). In that case, a communication process connected to the SBS server never sends data and doesn't interfere with the communication of the KOM process connected to the HOT server. It only listens and processes the data received from the serial server. If it is possible, it analyzes these data.

If the KOM process was started in D2000 System Redundancy and it follows the HOT server ([start parameter /RD or /RF](#)), all the communication protocols, supported on the communication line of "*SerialOverUDP Device Redundant*" type, operate in D2000 redundant system.

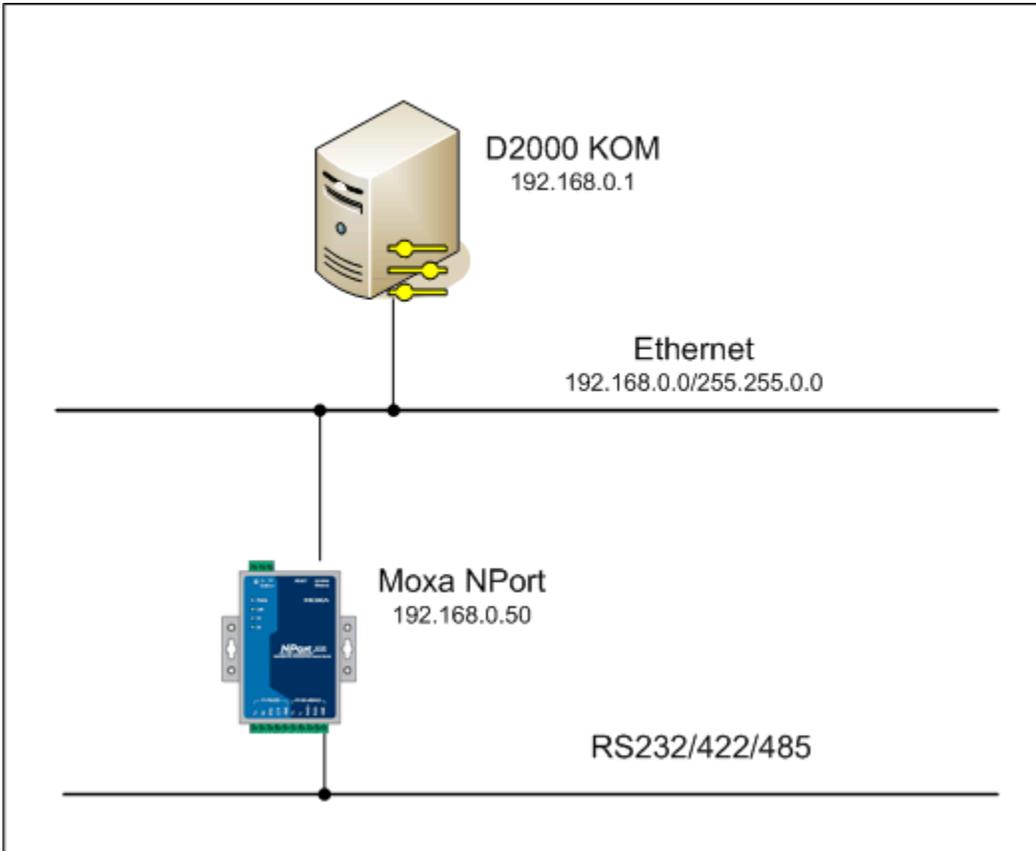
Switching between the primary and backup device

A primary device is used after starting the KOM process in case of the redundant configuration of the serial servers. A backup device starts to work when no message with data has been detected from the primary device within a defined timeout (a default value is 15 seconds, but it can be changed for some of the protocols in the [protocol parameters](#)). All requests start to be sent to the backup device. If the communication via the backup device works, the primary device is not checked any more. If the communication with a backup device fails, it will be switched back to the primary device. Basically, the devices always switch after detection of the communication error on the working device.

Examples of configuration

Example 1

This is a simple connection of the NPort device which replaces an asynchronous serial port directly in PC. No redundancy is used including NPort devices, D2000 System and network interfaces.



The parameters:

- TCP/IP network: 192.168.0.0/16
- The IP address of NPort serial device: 192.168.0.50
- The IP address of D2000 server with KOM process: 192.168.0.1.

Operating Mode dialog box - the configuration of the NPort serial device:

Operating Mode [X]

1 Port(s) Selected. 1st port is Port 1

Operating Mode: UDP Mode

UDP

Local Listen Port: 4001

UDP Mode Settings: Destination

	Begin	End	Port
1	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1	4001
2			
3			
4			

The port 4001 was chosen for *Local Listen Port*. Data are sent to D2000 KOM process 192.168.0.1, which uses also the local port 4001. We recommend to use the same port number within the configuration of one communication line.

The configuration of the D2000 communication line is the same as NPort device configuration:

Local Port

Port : 4001

Primary Device

Host : 192.168.0.50 Port : 4001

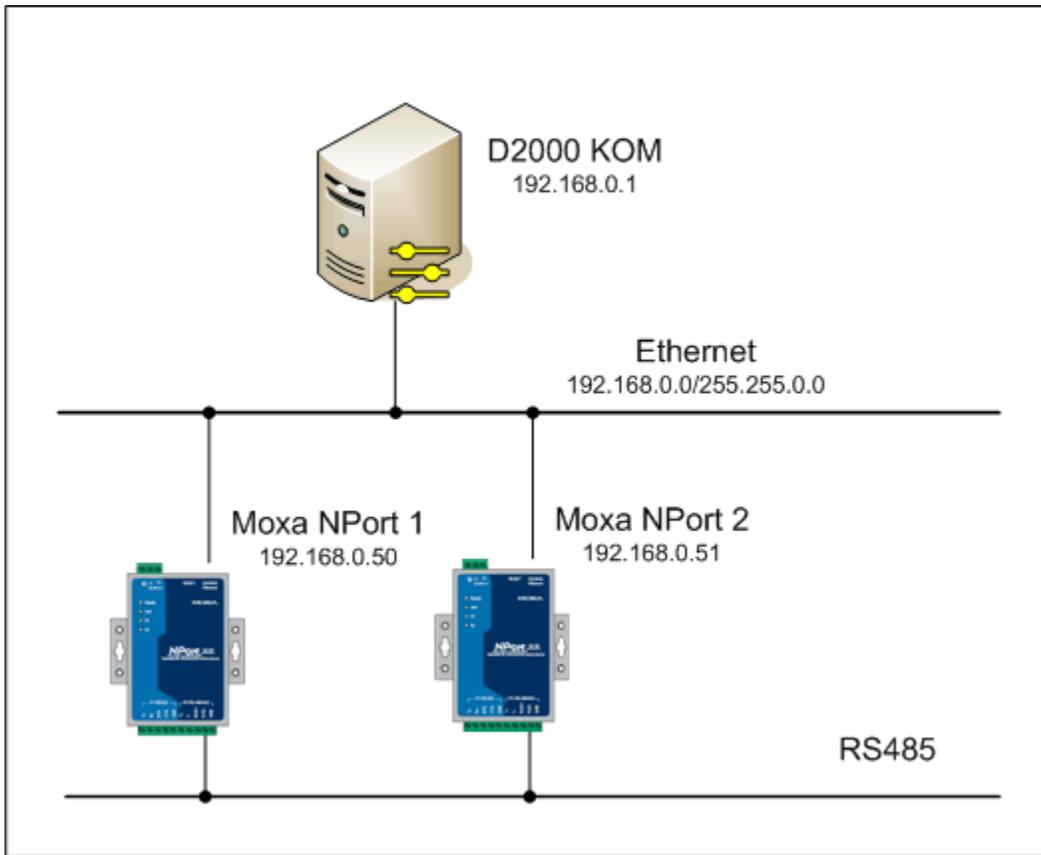
Backup Device

Use Backup Device

Host : Port :

Example 2

This is a dual redundant connection of NPort devices without D2000 System Redundancy and Ethernet network infrastructure.



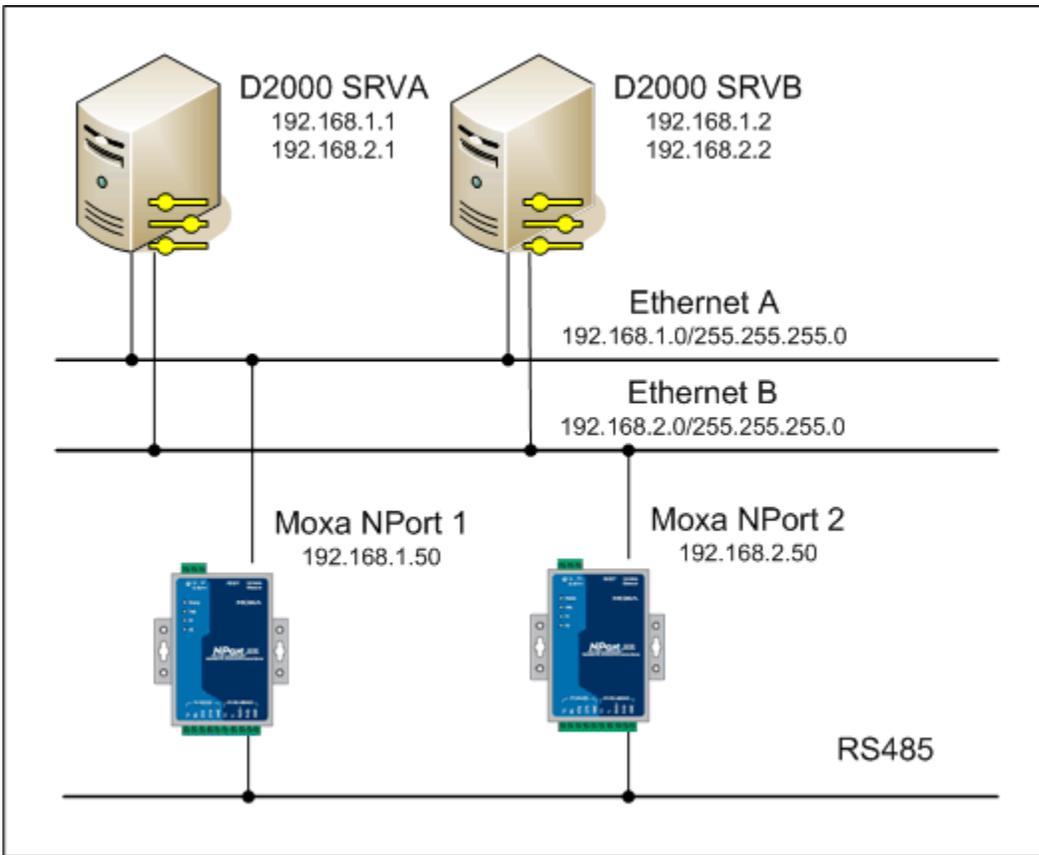
The configuration of NPort 1 and NPort 2 must be the same as it is mentioned in the [Example 1](#).

D2000 communication line uses the backup device NPort 2:

Local Port	
Port :	4001
Primary Device	
Host :	192.168.0.50
Port :	4001
Backup Device	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use Backup Device	
Host :	192.168.0.51
Port :	4001

Example 3

This is the complete redundant system consisting of NPort device redundancy, D2000 System Redundancy and dual network infrastructure.



The parameters:

- Two TCP/IP networks: Ethernet A 192.168.1.0/24 and Ethernet B 192.168.2.0/24.
- NPort 1 is connected to Ethernet A with IP address 192.168.1.50.
- NPort 2 is connected to Ethernet B with IP address 192.168.2.50.
- D2000 Redundant System consists of two servers SRVA and SRVB connected to both Ethernet networks with addresses:
 - SRVA: 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.2.1
 - SRVB: 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.2.2

Operating mode dialog box - NPort 1 configuration:

The screenshot shows the 'Operating Mode' configuration window for NPort 1. It indicates that 1 port is selected (Port 1) and the operating mode is set to 'UDP Mode'. The 'Local Listen Port' is configured to 4001. Under 'UDP Mode Settings: Destination', a table lists the destination IP ranges and the corresponding port.

	Begin	End	Port
1	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	4001
2			
3			
4			

NPort 2 configuration:

Operating Mode [X]

1 Port(s) Selected. 1st port is Port 1

Operating Mode: UDP Mode

UDP

Local Listen Port: 4001

UDP Mode Settings: Destination

	Begin	End	Port
1	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.2	4001
2			
3			
4			

The above-mentioned settings show that both NPort devices send data to both D2000 servers (i.e. KOM processes), to IP addresses in that network in which it is connected (NPort 1 in Ethernet A and NPort 2 in Ethernet B).

Both NPort devices (primary and secondary one) are set in the D2000 communication line configuration:

Local Port

Port: 4001

Primary Device

Host: 192.168.1.50 Port: 4001

Backup Device

Use Backup Device

Host: 192.168.2.50 Port: 4001

This configuration is completely redundant and resistant to failure of any redundant devices as well as the failure of one of the redundant network segments.

SerialOverUDP Line Redundant communication line

This line is quasi "dual" SerialOverUDP Device Redundant line. It is intended for those communication protocols with the transmission via two redundant physical transmission lines. For the configuration of this line category, the same rules apply as for the configuration of [SerialOverUDP Device Redundant](#) line.

SerialOverUDP System&Line Redundant communication line

This line is like "double line of "SerialOverUDP Line Redundant". It is specially used for the communication protocols with transmission towards two remote systems, two redundant physical transmission lines to each (or a single remote system with four lines). For the configuration of this line category, the same rules apply as for the configuration of [SerialOverUDP Device Redundant](#) line.

Note: The line is supported for communication protocols used in the main and backup electro-energy dispatching of SED - SEPS.

i Related pages:

[Communication lines](#)