

# GETARCHCOL

## GETARCHCOL action

### Function

Bulk read of archive values.

### Declaration

```
GETARCHCOL archIdent, locRecDstIdent, timeFromIdent_TmA, timeToIdent_TmA,  
stepIdent_Int, maxValsIdent_Int, statusIdent_Int [,archivInstance_Int]  
[TIMEBYROW | TIMEBYCOL]
```

### Parameters

archIdent	in	<p>Reference to item of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>object of <a href="#">Structured variable</a> type,</li><li>local variable of <i>Record</i> type,</li><li>structured historical value,</li></ul> <p>or reference to <a href="#">one-column historical value</a>.</p>
locRecDstIdent	output	Local structured variable for read result.
timeFromIdent_TmA	in	Identifier of <i>Absolute time</i> type - interval beginning.
timeToIdent_TmA	in	Identifier of <i>Absolute time</i> type - interval end.
stepIdent_Int	in	Identifier of <i>Int</i> type - time step for archive values oversampling.
maxValsIdent_Int	in	Maximum number of values. If given interval contains more data, the action will trim off the data and return <code>ERR_MORE_DATA</code> warning in the parameter <i>statusIdent_Int</i> .
statusIdent_Int	output	Read success.
TIMEBYROW		Places result values by time into rows.
TIMEBYCOL		Places result values by time into columns.
archivInstance_Int	in	Optional identifier of <i>Int</i> type - identification of <a href="#">archive instance</a> . If the parameter is not defined, the value 0 will replace it.

### Description

According to the parameter *archIdent*, the action (analogous to the action [GETARCHROW](#)) generates more requests for archive reading and synchronously waits for their completion. The item defined by *archIdent* specifies the row that is to be used for archive data requests.

The parameter *archIdent* can be defined by one of the following ways:

#### 1. Column of local variable of „typed ALIAS“ type

##### Example:

```
ALIAS (structure definition) _IAT  
SET _IAT AS SV.Struct  
GETARCHCOL _IAT[0]^Item1 , ...
```

Individual read requests are ALWAYS addressed to items in given column of the structure *SV.Struct* (even if the column contains items of *Object* type).

#### 2. Column of object of *Structured variable* type

##### Example:

```
GETARCHCOL SV.Struct[0]^Item2 , ...
```

Request addressing is the same as described in the article 1.

#### 3. Column of local variable of *Record* type

##### Example:

```
RECORD (structure definition) _IRec  
REDIM _IRec[3]  
  
SET _IRec[1]^Item2 AS Sec  
SET _IRec[2]^Item2 AS SysTime  
SET _IRec[3]^Item2 AS M.MeranyBod  
.....  
  
GETARCHCOL _IRec[0]^Item2 , ...
```

The column must be of *Object* type. Individual read requests are to be addressed to the objects the column items refer to.  
If any item doesn't refer to object, the action is to be terminated and returns the `ERR_NO_ASSIGNED_ALIAS` error.

#### 4. Column of structured historical value

Example:

`GETARCHCOL H.Struct[0]^Item2, ...`

Individual read requests are gradually addressed to all items in given column. The object *H.Struct* cannot be a [one-column historical value](#).

#### 5. One-column historical value

Example:

`GETARCHCOL H.Struct, ...`

Individual read requests are to be gradually addressed to all items.

Read result is stored in the local structured variable defined by the parameter `_locRecDstIdent`. Result of every request is either one value or a sequence of values. Every sequence of values is stored in the local variable `_locRecDstIdent`:

- **in rows** (analogous to the action [GETARCHROW](#)) - the first column contains the values obtained by the read request of first row (respective column), the second column contains the values obtained by the read request of first row, .... Structured variable `_locRecDstIdent` must be of correct size. If not, the action automatically resizes it to required size,
- **in columns** - every sequence of values is written into one row of the local variable `_locRecDstIdent`. If some of the sequences contains more values than the number of columns, the variable `statusIdent_Int` gets the value of `_ERR_MORE_DATA`, but the values that could be written will be inserted into the local variable `_locRecDstIdent`.

Value of parameter `archivInstance_Int` defines the instance of archive which executes the request. If the parameter is not defined (or the value is 0), the active instance of archive will execute the request.

The variable `statusIdent_Int` indicates the success of reading the action. If this variable acquires the value `_ERR_NO_DATA(22)`, it means that all archives, which were used when reading, do not contain any data. If at least one of the archives contains data, the action returns `_ERR_NO_ERR(0)`.

#### Example

[GETARCH\\* actions - example](#).



#### Related pages:

[Script actions](#)