

PostgreSQL settings for optimal Archive performance

Recommended PostgreSQL version

If the PostgreSQL database server is used for purpose of archiving, we recommend using PostgreSQL version 9.5 or higher. These versions support the UPSERT command and allow you to set the [Upsert](#) archive parameter to 1.

PostgreSQL settings

In the postgresql.conf configuration file, we recommend changing the following settings. Numeric values are indicative and can be tuned - optimal values depend on archive load, available memory, and so on.

```
shared_buffers = 256MB
```

Parameter *shared_buffers* determines how much memory is dedicated to PostgreSQL to use for caching data.

```
work_mem = 16MB
```

Parameter *work_mem* determines how much memory is dedicated to PostgreSQL to use for in-memory sorts.

```
maintenance_work_mem = 128MB
```

Parameter *maintenance_work_mem* determines how much memory is dedicated to PostgreSQL to use for maintenance operations (VACUUM etc). When the structured archives that contain lots of data are used, the larger amount of maintenance memory will accelerate the maintenance.

```
synchronous_commit = off
```

Parameter *synchronous_commit* set to value *off* will cause, the COMMIT operation not to require synchronisation of data to disks, so it will be performed faster.

```
checkpoint_completion_target = 0.9
```

Parameter *checkpoint_completion_target* set to value 0.9 will cause a more balanced distribution of disk write operation during checkpoint than the default value 0.5.

```
effective_cache_size = 1000MB
```

Parameter *effective_cache_size* should be set to an estimate of how much memory is available for disk caching by the operating system. This value is used only by the PostgreSQL query planner. On Windows see the "System Cache" size (or "Cached" in "Physical Memory") in the Windows Task Manager's Performance tab.

```
autovacuum_vacuum_threshold = 100000
```

Parameter *autovacuum_vacuum_threshold* specifies the minimum number of updated or deleted rows needed to trigger a VACUUM in any one table.

```
autovacuum_analyze_threshold = 100000
```

Parameter *autovacuum_analyze_threshold* specifies the minimum number of inserted, updated or deleted rows needed to trigger a ANALYZE in any one table.

```
max_locks_per_transaction = 1000
```

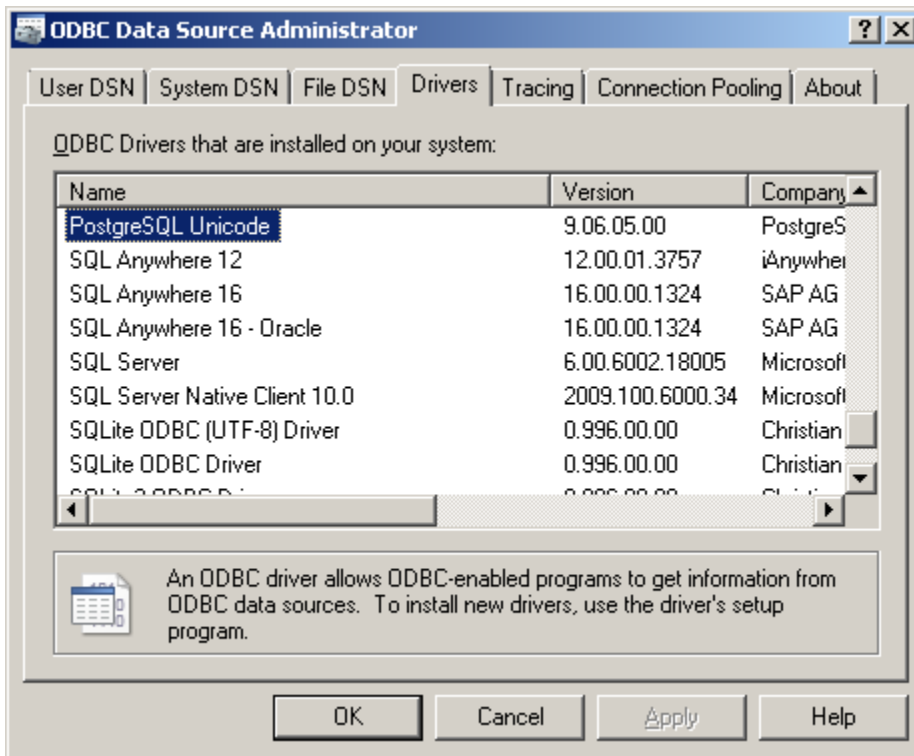
Parameter *max_locks_per_transaction* specifies maximum amount of locks used by a single database transaction. This value should be equal or greater than archive parameter [CommitCountActive](#) / [CommitCountPassive](#).

Archive settings

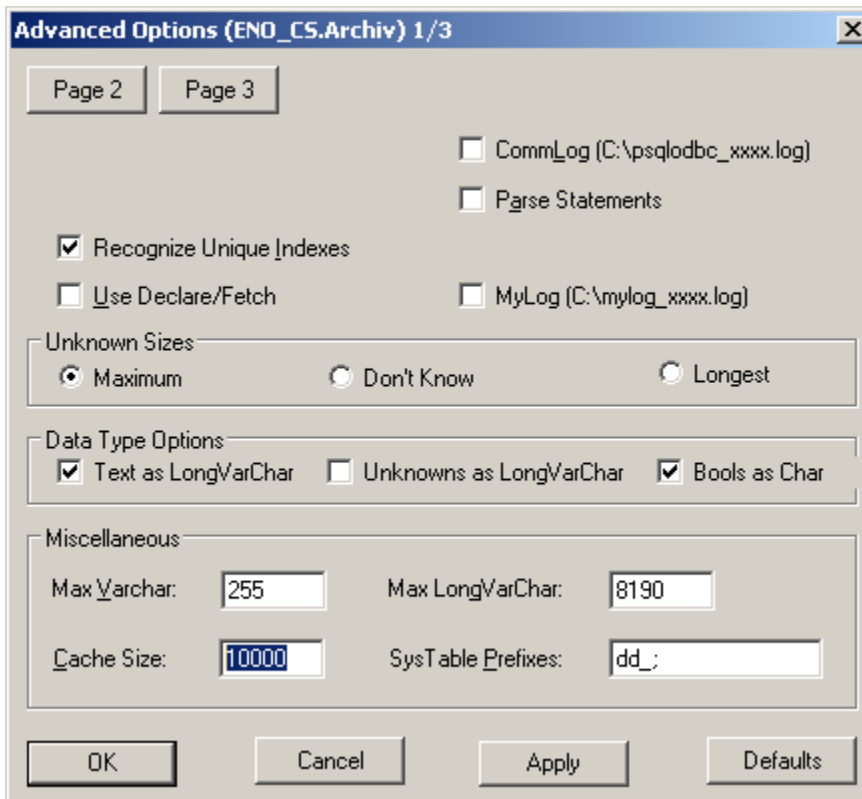
We recommend setting the archive parameter [Upsert](#) to value 1. This setting activates using of UPSERT command, which was implemented in PostgreSQL 9.5. This setting requires correct setting of ODBC parameters described in the following paragraph.

Archive ODBC settings

To connect to PostgreSQL database, the archive uses [PostgreSQL ODBC Driver](#), specifically its Unicode version. The minimum recommended version of the driver is 09.06.0500.



For optimal performance, we recommend increasing the Cache Size to 10000 in Advanced Options of the archive Data Source (DSN):



On the next page of Advanced Options of archive DSN it is necessary to set *Level of rollback on errors* to *Transaction* and check *Server side prepare* for the proper functioning of archive:

Advanced Options (ENO_CS.Archiv) 2/3

Page 1

Page 3

☐ Read Only
 ☐ Row Versioning

☐ Show System Tables
 ☐ True is -1

☒ LF <-> CR/LF conversion
 ☒ Server side prepare

☒ Updatable Cursors
 ☒ bytea as LO

Int8 As

☒ default
 ☐ bigint
 ☐ numeric
 ☐ varchar
 ☐ double
 ☐ int4

Extra Opts

0x0

Level of rollback on errors

☐ Nop
 ☒ Transaction
 ☐ Statement

OID Options

☐ Show Column
 ☐ Fake Index

Connect Settings:

TCP KEEPALIVE setting (by sec)

☐ disable
 idle time
 interval

OK

Cancel

Apply



Related pages:

[Support of PostgreSQL in D2000 System](#)

[D2000 System databases](#)