# Debugging

# D2000 DBManager - debugging

Debug information and error information of process D2000 DBManager is shown in the process text console and written to the log file in the subdirectory T RACE of the application directory as well. If the process D2000 DBManager is started as SELF.DBM, it creates the DBManager.log and DBManager\_ER R.log files. If this process is started as name.DBM, it creates the DBManager\_name.log and DBManager\_meno\_ERR.log.

If the size of log file reaches the predefined value of 10 MB, it will be renamed to DBManager\_name\_prev.log (DBManager\_meno\_ERR\_prev.log) and a new log file will be created. Previous DBManager\_name\_prev.log (DBManager\_meno\_ERR\_prev.log) will be deleted.

If the parameter Size of the log file is set to non-zero value in the object of Database type, both the debug and error information, generated by action performed in this database, will be written to a separate log file of the database. The name of this log file is name\_of\_database.log, while dots in the name of the Database object will be replaced by "\_" (e.g. if the object of the Database type is named DB.Test, its log file will be DB\_Test.log). For error information, the file name is name\_of\_database\_ERR.log.

If the size of log file reaches size equal to value of parameter Size of the log file, it will be renamed to name of database prev.log and the new log file will be created. Previous name\_of\_database\_name\_prev.log will be deleted. It is the same for the file name\_of\_database\_ERR.log.

Process D2000 DBManager provides several debugging levels:

- Error logs
- Action listing
- · Listing the actions, duration of which is longer than entered number of seconds
- Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER debug category enabled
- Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DATA debug category enabled
- Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX debug category enabled
- Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX.CSV debug category enabled
- Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.SQL\_CONNECT debug category enabled
- Logs with startup parameter /DBD<number\_of\_requests>
- Tell command SHOW\_HANDLE
- Tell command SHOW CONNECT
- Tell command SET\_WATCHDOG
- Tell command SET\_WATCHDOG\_QUEUE Tell command TIME\_STATISTICS
- Optimization and debugging

# **Error logs**

Errors are always written to the log file which ends with \_ERR.log. Error log usually contains the SQL command that caused the error.

#### Example:

12:40:08.760 25.02 \*\*\* Error in con 24: 12:40:08.766 25.02 con 24:SELF.EVH;E.Test\_JS\_Column\_Types( 1928) 2448;: 36

12:40:08.771 25.02 con 24:[InsertRecord] Execute: INSERT INTO "ROVE\_OD"."TEST\_COLUMN\_TYPES" ("ID", "ColumnName", "ColumnDate") VALUES (:1.:2.:3) .row 1.Exception name:

OCI.THICK.LIB ERROR

Message: ORA-00001: unique constraint violated (ROVE\_OD.SYS\_C00112480)

Call stack traceback locations:

0x453d18 0x4542d1 0x4509dc 0x991db4 0x999458 0x906822 0x8ef428 0x9d187c 0x76b6652b

Note 1: If a script that executes an action, during which an error occurred, is in debug mode, the information about this error is sent to script editor - Debug

Note 2: Each ESL action for work with database (through D2000 DBManager) saves the information about the position in ESL code from which it was called. If some error occurs, both the information about found error and about position is written up (see the begin of example).

# **Action listing**

Detailed debug information is written to the log file if the option Debug is checked off in the configuration of object of Database type. The log includes the information on individual ESL actions (action name, begin and end), database and connection that the action uses.

14:18:59.677 Db TestDb con 2:PG\_INSERT END 14:19:01.099 Db TestDb con 2:PG INSERT BEG

The log contains the begin (BEGIN) and end (END) statuses of the PG\_INSERT action in the database (Db) named TestDb. The action was executed through the connection (con) no. 2 and took 422 milliseconds.

Note: If the separate log file for the database is used instead of a common log file of DBManager (see the parameter Size of the log file), the logged information on every line does not contain the database name.

Watchdog message (WD) and information database logs are written to the log file with the period of 60 seconds: 09:00:27.786 Db TestDb WD: 5 (4/1/0) cons: avail- 3,normal- 2, handles- 4

The log informs user that the database *TestDb* has 5 connections - 4 non-transactional, 1 transactional and 0 reserved for browsers. 3 connections are available (*avail*) and 2 are used (*normal*).

All possible states are listed in the table below:

Status	Description		
Init	Connection is in initial phase (it is being created). Transient status.		
Avail	Connection is free (available).		
Normal	Connection is used.		
Live	Connection is passing from Avail status to Normal status. Transient status.		
Die	Connection is being closed. Transient status.		
Zombie	Connection is closed, service thread is finished. Transient status.		

Handles indicates the number of descriptors that are opened by **D2000 DBManager**. There are 4 types of descriptors:

- table descriptor can be opened from process D2000 HI through the list of database tables, in the Browser or from script by using the actions DB\_CONNECT, PG\_CONNECT, SQL\_CONNECT, SQL\_PREPARE as well as for a short period of time (during an action) by calling DBS\_\*.
- transaction descriptor can be opened by the action DB\_TRANS\_OPEN.
- connection descriptor is opened by the SQL\_CONNECT, if the first parameter of the action is connectString.
- database descriptor is opened by the action SQL\_CONNECT, if the first parameter of the action (dbObjldent) is of Database type.

If the database table has the parameter Time depth defined in its configuration and process D2000 DBManager periodically deletes old data from it, the log file will also include the information about the begin and end of the periodic deleting:

10:29:32.068 11.08 Db TestDB table Time\_Test periodic delete BEG 10:29:32.162 11.08 Db TestDB table Time\_Test periodic delete END

# Listing the actions, duration of which is longer than entered number of seconds

Debug information about operations, duration of which is longer than entered number of seconds, is written to log file after setting the parameter Log operations longer than (sec) to nonzero value in the configuration *Databaze* object. Log contains the information about connection, on which the action was executed, localization of action in ESL script, the calling message from DbManager and duration of action in milliseconds.

#### Example:

19:27:37.286 01.07 con 1:DBS\_READ BEG 19:27:37.297 01.07 con 1:DBS\_READ END 19:27:37.298 01.07 con 1:DBS\_READ SELF.EVH;E.Test( 1934) 1230;: 16 - M.DB.CDB\_CTRLMSG - 122[ms]

# Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER debug category enabled

Detailed debug information is written to the log file after enabling the *DBG.DBMANAGER* debug category in the process D2000 System Console - Debug info window. Each log of action contains also information on procedures called in process D2000 DBManager (that may be useful for developers) and texts of executed SQL commands.

Example shows the log on execution of the SQL\_PREPARE action:

12:05:55.301 22:08 Db TestDB con 1:SQL\_PREPARE BEG
12:05:55.302 22:08 PrepareSqlStmt: SELECT ID\_MATERIAL,Name FROM material
12:06:30.028 22:08 PrepareSqlStmt end
12:06:30.029 22:08 Db TestDB con 1:SQL\_PREPARE END

The examples of logs with differences between ODBC and OCI version of **D2000 DBManager** are in the chapter Example - logs for process D2000 DBManager.

# Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DATA debug category enabled

Detailed debug information written in the log file after enabling the *DBG.DBMANAGER.DATA* debug category through the process D2000 System Console - Debug info window. Each log of action contains also a list of values that were written to or read from database.

Example shows the action for displaying the first page of the table MAT\_GROUP in the displayer of Browser type opened in process D2000 HI:

```
10:35:22.601 25.08 Db MyDB con 5:GetDatabaseData START
10:35:22.602 25.08 Open database DSN: TENTO
10:35:23.727 25.08 Open database DSN: TENTO end
10:35:23.728 25.08 PrepareSelectStmt: SELECT "ID_GROUP", "NAME" FROM "SKVI". "MAT_GROUP"
10:35:23.736 25.08 PrepareSelectStmt end
10:35:23.737 25.08 ReadPage (Direction: 2): SELECT "ID_GROUP", "NAME" FROM "SKVI". "MAT_GROUP"
10:35:23.741 25.08 ReadPage data row 1: 7; 'wood';
10:35:23.742 25.08 ReadPage data row 2: 1; 'plastic';
10:35:23.742 25.08 ReadPage data row 3: 2; 'metal';
10:35:23.743 25.08 ReadPage data row 4: 3; 'paper';
10:35:23.743 25.08 ReadPage data row 5: 6; 'water';
10:35:23.744 25.08 ReadPage data row 6: 4; 'other';
10:35:23.745 25.08 ReadPage ata row 6: 4; 'other';
10:35:23.746 25.08 Db MyDB con 5:GetDatabaseData END
```

The examples of logs with differences between ODBC and OCI version of **D2000 DBManager** are in the chapter Example - logs for process D2000 DBManager.

# Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX debug category enabled

Detailed debug information written into the log file after enabling the DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX debug category through the process D2000 System Console - Debug info window.

After modifying the context of process that is bound in D2000 DBManager (by ESL action DB\_SET\_PROCESS\_PARAMS), the information is written to the main log of given D2000 DBManager process, which are useful for developers. The following logs are independent of parameter Debug in the configuration of object of *Database* type (they are not recorded into *Trace* directory).

This example shows a log after executing the action DB\_SET\_PROCESS\_PARAMS when setting the parameter:

```
[01-08-2013 13:14:13] DBCTX: Call Chain of DB_SET_PROCESS_PARAMS - SELF.EVH; E.SetParams( 1347485) 8735;: 12 [01-08-2013 13:14:13] DBCTX: CTX created for idOwner = 55[[01-08-2013 13:14:13] DBCTX: INSERT parameter "NAME=SELF.DBM" of idOwner = 55
```

Note: The log about creating a context ("CTX created ...") appears only when the action is called for the first time since starting the process.

This example shows a log after executing the action DB\_SET\_PROCESS\_PARAMS when deleting the parameter:

```
[01-08-2013 13:16:53] DBCTX: Call Chain of DB_SET_PROCESS_PARAMS - SELF.EVH; E.SetParams( 1347485) 8936;: 12 [01-08-2013 13:16:53] DBCTX: DELETE parameter "NAME" of idOwner = 55
```

To write the detailed information to the log file, enable the parameter Debug in the configuration of *Database* object. The log contains the information about the parameters that are set in context of given client process, which starts DB actions through D2000 DBManager.

This example shows a log after executing the action SQL\_SELECT, if the parameters of process context have been already set by action DB\_SET\_PROCESS\_PARAMS:

```
15:01:14.114 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT BEG
15:01:14.121 01.08 con 1: D2000_PROCESS_PARAMS - SET PARAMS "NAME=VERSION27" of dbCtxId = 55
15:01:14.125 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT END
```

# Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX.CSV debug category enabled

Detailed CSV information written into the log file after enabling the DBG.DBMANAGER.DBCTX.CSV debug category by the process D2000 System Console - Debug info window. This information is written after enabling the parameter Debug in the configuration of *Database* object. Log contains the structured CVS information about single parameters that are set in context of given client which starts DB actions through D2000 DBManager.

### CSV header:

```
TIMESTAMP;D2000_PROCESS_PARAMS;CID;COMMAND;TID;CURRENT_TASK;DB_CTX_ID;DB_CTX_ON;MC1;MC2;OPERATION;SUCCESS
set ;={TRUE/FALSE};
del;={TRUE/FALSE}
```

CSV columns: time stamp, constant "D2000\_PROCESS\_PARAMS", identifier of connection, DB command, identifier of internal transaction, task name, client ID, existence of context (TRUE/FALSE); modifying counter before and after (MC1 and MC2), operation and its success. The operation is either modification of parameters (set) or deleting the context on the given connection (del).

#### Example 1:

```
15:28:12.899 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT BEG
15:28:12.905 01.08 ;D2000_PROCESS_PARAMS;1;SQL_SELECT;1005;tdb_task_000000000905BB40;55;TRUE;0;1;set
"NAME=VERSION27";TRUE
15:28:12.908 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT END

Example 2:

15:28:22.051 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT BEG
15:28:22.054 01.08 ;D2000_PROCESS_PARAMS;1;SQL_SELECT;1006;tdb_task_00000000905BB40;55;TRUE;1;2;set;TRUE
15:28:22.056 01.08 con 1:SQL_SELECT END
```

# Logs with DBG.DBMANAGER.SQL\_CONNECT debug category enabled

Enabling the debug category has the same effect as inserting "DEBUG" into the *connectString* parameter in all calls of the SQL\_CONNECT action, i.e. the writing debug information of the SQL\_CONNECT action and all other actions using this connection into the log file of **D2000 DBManager**.

**Note:** The DBG.DBMANAGER.SQL\_CONNECT debug category has no effect on the SQL\_CONNECT actions which contain the reference to an object of Database or Database Table types, because these actions are influenced by the parameter parameter Debug in the configuration dialog box of respective Database type object. The category affects only the **SQL\_CONNECT** actions using the parameter connectString for their connection, i.e. the text connect string, debugging of which cannot be enabled in process **D2000 CNF** and it needs to be enabled by inserting the DEBUG parameter into the connectString parameter.

# Logs with startup parameter /DBD<number\_of\_requests>

Starting from version 7.01.023 a performance tuning feature for reporting performance problems in automatic (non-transactional) connections is available. If DBManager is run with parameter /DBD<number\_of\_requests>, it will write the following information to its log file during startup: Performance logging is ON.

If a number of requests queued for any of the automatic connections exceeds the value *number\_of\_requests*, this information will be recorded in the log file (i.e. the log file of database if value Size of the log file is configured, otherwise the log file of DBManager). The log will contain the performance warning, connection number and number of queued requests:

10:32:12.983 14.02 con 1:performance warning: 2 requests

This warning means that incoming non-transactional request will have to wait till the queued requests are processed. If these warnings are more frequent, you might consider the increasing the value of automatic connections to increase request throughput. Recommended value of <number\_of\_requests> is 1, i.e. running DBManager with parameter /DBD1.

**Note 1:** If the parameter Debug is checked off, the processing of requests is slower due to writing the debug information to the log file. We recommend to increase the number of automatic connections or the value of <number\_of\_requests> to /DBD2 to avoid the performance warnings.

Note 2: Transactional connection does not need this kind of performance tuning, because it is currently being used only sequentially from one event.

# **Tell command SHOW HANDLE**

Interactive query of open descriptors with the helpo of SHOW\_HANDLE Tell command. The syntax of command is:

SHOW\_HANDLE [HOBJ] or [mask [INFO]]

The optional parameters may be:

- · HOBJ of the object Database, the open descriptors of which are to be displayed.
- HOBJ of the object Database table, the open descriptors of which are to be displayed.
- HOBJ of the object Structure definition the open descriptors of database tables whose structure definition matches given HOBJ will be displayed.
- mask\_of\_the\_name, the open descriptors of which are to be displayed.
- mask of information from where the descriptor has been opened, if INFO keyword is used.

If the **SHOW\_HANDLE** command is called with no parameters, information on all open descriptors will be written to the log file. For each descriptor, log contains database name, connection number, descriptor type, descriptor name and information from where the descriptor was

For each descriptor, log contains database name, connection number, descriptor type, descriptor name and information from where the descriptor wa open.

Displayed type and name of descriptor varies depending on descriptor types as the following table states:

Descriptor type	Displayed type	Descriptor name
table descriptor	table	Name of object of Database table type.
transaction descriptor	trans	Name of object of <i>Database</i> type, in which the transaction is open.
connection descriptor	connect	The parameter connectString of the SQL_CONNECT action.
database descriptor	dbase	Name of object of <i>Database</i> type, that represented the parameter <i>dbObjldent</i> in the action SQL_CONNECT.

# Example:

CONO connection established (IPC\_TCPIP) Receiv TELL Command : SHOW\_HANDLE

->Db TestDB con 1:table MAT\_GROUP: <HI mycomp,S.Test\_DBmanager>

->Db TestDB con 2:trans TestDB: <S.Test\_DBmanager: 220>

->Db TestDb Con Z.trans TestDb. <5.Test\_Dbmanager. 220>

**D2000 DBManager** has two open descriptors. The first one is on the connection nr. 1. It is a table descriptor, which is opened in the Browser *MAT\_GROU Popen*. The descriptor is open from the picture *S.Test\_DBmanager* in process D2000 HI running on the computer with the name of *mycomp*. The second descriptor is on the connection nr. 2, a transaction descriptor that is open from 220th script row of the picture *S.Test\_DBmanager*.

# Tell command SHOW\_CONNECT

Interactive query for open connection by using the SHOW\_CONNECT Tell command. The syntax of command is:

SHOW\_CONNECT [HOBJ [ID]] or [mask [ID]] [DETAIL]

The optional parameters are:

- HOBJ of the Database type object, its open connections are to be displayed
- mask (pattern) matched against Database object's name, the open connections of which are to be displayed
- ID connection number or transaction number (returned by the DB\_TRANS\_OPEN action in the parameter handleldent\_Int) is to be displayed
- if parameter "DETAIL" is specified, also all descriptors, opened on given connection, will be displayed (in the same format as SHOW\_HANDLE)

# Log includes:

- name and number of open connections for every database matching defined filter
- · for every connection:
  - o database name

  - o connection number
  - o connection status
  - o number of open descriptors
  - o time from last operation performed on this connection (or a word busy and information about the internal status of the connection if operation is currently in progress. Example: busy (U\_EXECDIRECT1/D\_EXECDIRECT2))
  - o information whether the connection is transactional, non-transactional or non-transactional reserved for browsers
  - o a transaction number (the parameter handleldent\_Int in the DB\_TRANS\_OPEN action) for transactional connection
- log in the format of SHOW\_HANDLE for each descriptor (if parameter "DETAIL" is specified)

Example of log (connection in all databases the names of which start with Te along with descriptors log):

```
Receive TELL Command : SHOW CONNECT Te* DETAIL
 _____
->Db TestDB 2 cons
->Db TestDB con 1:normal, 1 handles, idle 04:24:682, non-transact
->Db TestDB con 1:table MAT_GROUP: <HI mycomp,S.Test_DBmanager>
->Db TestDB con 2:normal, 2 handles, idle 20:037, transact 1053
->Db TestDB con 2:trans TestDB: <S.Test_DBmanager: 220>
                       MAT_GROUP: <S.Test_DBmanager: 109>
->Db TestDB con 2:table
```

Note: Information whether the connection is transactional or non-transactional along with transaction number gives outdated value (transaction has already been finished) for connections in the Avail status. Such connections will be recycled in transactional or non-transactional mode if needed.

# Tell command SET\_WATCHDOG

SQL operations execution of which took a longer time can be monitored by a tell command SET\_WATCHDOG. The syntax of command is:

SET\_WATCHDOG database\_mask seconds

Required parameters:

- database\_mask mask of name of Database object which connections are to be monitored
- seconds number of seconds to elapse before the database operation will be logged, if it is still executing. Value of 0 disables monitoring.

A tracing task is activated at first run of the Tell command SET\_WATCHDOG with nonzero parameter seconds (at least one database must match the specified mask). This task checks in every second if the connection to the monitored database, did not exceed the set time of performing (parameter secon ds). If this time is exceeded, this information is written into log.

The log contains:

- database name (if a dedicated log is not configured for this Database),
- number of connections,
- duration of the operation,
- information on internal status of connection (for developers of D2000).

Example of log (from database log, so the database name is not written):

```
16:45:28.763 24.11 Performance WD: con 3: operation lasts 27 sec in U_EXECDIRECT1/D_EXECDIRECT6
16:45:29.767 24.11 Performance WD: con 3: operation lasts 28 sec in U_EXECDIRECT1/D_EXECDIRECT6
16:45:30.782 24.11 Performance WD: con 3: operation lasts 29 sec in U_EXECDIRECT1/D_EXECDIRECT6
16:45:31.798 24.11 Performance WD: con 3: operation lasts 30 sec in U_EXECDIRECT1/D_EXECDIRECT6
16:45:34.829 24.11 Performance WD: con 3: operation lasts 2 sec in U_EXECDIRECT1/D_EXECDIRECT6
```

After the SQL operation is finished, a detailed info is written into error log file. Examples:

```
17:54:00.116 16.02 con 1:Query execution duration 00:00:01.103 SQL_CONNECT TransactId 10319, dbTransId 0, Handle 1104492764, connectString {}, DbTableId 1473 {DB.MATERIAL}, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 10864; BT_connect_OnClick: 248 }
17:54:18.926 16.02 con 1:Query execution duration 00:00:01.105 SQL_PREPARE TransactId 10320, dbTransId-1, Handle 10319, Statment {SELECT ID_MATERIAL FROM material }, bBindIn FALSE, FetchSize 1, colNr 17, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 10864;BT_prepare_OnClick: 279 }
17:55:59.113 16.02 con 2:Query execution duration 00:00:01.110 DB_TRANS_OPEN TransactId 10325, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 10864;BT_db_trans_open_OnClick: 543 }
```

Meaning of individual items:

- SQL\_CONNECT / SQL\_PREPARE / DB\_TRANS\_OPEN .. performed database action
- TransactId ID of D2000 transaction
- dbTransId ID of database transaction. If it is greater than 0, the database action is transactional (executed inside DB\_TRANS\_OPEN). If it is zero or less, the database action is non-transactional.
- Handle ID of handle in context of DBManager
- DbTableId HOBJ and name of D2000 object Table
- Comment sequence of procedure calls in ESL scripts (call chain)
- · connectString, Statement, bBindIn, FetchSize, colNr, MaxRows .. parameters specific for individual database actions

**Note**: Start up of SQL operation monitoring is written in DBManager log. The log contains the list of databases that match the specified mask *database\_ma* sk. The log also contains the information on start up of watchdog at first calling the tell command SET\_WATCHDOG.

If value of parameter seconds is 0 in all databases, the watchdog stops database monitoring and the following information appears in log:

```
17:37:41.588 24.11 Performance watchdog: going to sleep (no more databases to monitor)
```

The watchdog is running so it is not necessary to start it up at next activating of the monitoring and only information about activation appears in log:

18:45:28.749 24.11 Performance watchdog: starting monitoring

# Tell command SET\_WATCHDOG\_QUEUE

Database actions execution of which - including time spent in queues of DBManager - took a longer time can be monitored by a tell command SET\_WA TCHDOG\_QUEUE. The syntax of command is:

SET\_WATCHDOG\_QUEUE database\_mask seconds

Required parameters:

- database\_mask mask of name of Database object which connections are to be monitored
- seconds minimum length of database actions to be monitored.
   Value of 0 disables monitoring.

The difference between SET\_WATCHDOG and SET\_WATCHDOG\_QUEUE is this:

command SET\_WATCHDOG monitors operations, execution of which in a database lasted longer than a specified time. But if several clients share the same automatic (non-transactional) connection, from client's point of view a database action can last long because it is waiting in a queue where it is preceded by other database actions by other clients. For that reason a tell command SET\_WATCHDOG\_QUEUE was implemented - to monitor the total execution time of database action from od insertion into a queue to the end of its execution.

After the database action is finished, a detailed info is written into error log file. Examples:

```
18:01:21.579 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.130, execution 00:00:00.105 SQL_EXEC_PROC TransactId 10331, dbTransId-1, Statement {{ call TESTF_IN_OUT (?) }}, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 11332; BT_exec_proc_OnClick: 626 }

18:02:39.149 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.103, execution 00:00:00.202 SQL_CONNECT TransactId 10335, dbTransId 0, Handle 1104492765, connectString {}, DbTableId 1473 {DB.MATERIAL}, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S. sql_TEST( 9473) 11453;BT_connect_OnClick: 248 }

18:02:42.437 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.103, execution 00:00:00.035 SQL_DISCONNECT TransactId 10335, dbTransId-1, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 11453;BT_connect_OnClick: 248 }

18:02:51.163 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.105, execution 00:00:00:0654 SQL_PREPARE TransactId 10337, dbTransId-1, Handle 10336, Statement {SELECT ID_MATERIAL FROM material }, bBindIn FALSE, FetchSize 1, colNr 17, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 11453;BT_prepare_OnClick: 279 }

18:02:54.275 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.110, execution 00:00:00.239 SQL_FETCH TransactId 10338, dbTransId-1, Handle 10336, MaxRows 100, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 11453;BT_fetch_OnClick: 299 }

18:02:57.009 16.02 con 1:Query total duration 00:00:01.104, execution 00:00:00.109 SQL_FREE Handle 10336, Comment {NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.sql_TEST( 9473) 11453;BT_free_OnClick: 325 }
```

Meaning of individual items: see a description in section SET\_WATCHDOG.

# Tell command TIME\_STATISTICS

Tell command displays statistics of execution of individual database action types per-database or per-table (if a parameter DETAIL is specified). For every type of database action (browser open, transaction start, DB\_\* and DBS\_\* actions etc) printout contains total number of executed action, total and average duration and duration of longest action together with a comment (ESL call chain).

Statistics with zero execution counts are discarded.

If a parameter DETAIL is specified, after the printout of database statistics follows a printout of per-table statistics of all child tables. Example of a printout:

```
09:36:28.026 21.02 ->Db MesDB total time 000 00:00:40.572
09:36:28.029 21.02 Operation BROWSER_OPEN executions 3 total duration 000 00:00:03.686, average 000 00:00:
01.229, maximum 000 00:00:01.468 by
09:36:28.032 21.02 Operation DB_CONNECT executions 2 total duration 000 00:00:02.207, average 000 00:00:01.104,
maximum 000 00:00:01.104 by NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.Test_DBmanagera( 9424) 10510;DB_CONNECT_OnClick: 109
09:36:28.034 21.02 Operation DB_CONTROL executions 15 total duration 000 00:00:16.589, average 000 00:00:01.106,
maximum 000 00:00:01.129 by con 1:DBS_READ
NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.TestDbRefresh( 10105) 10429;StressTest_OnClick: 20
09:36:28.037 21.02 Operation DB_REFRESH_TABLE executions 2 total duration 000 00:00:02.526, average 000 00:00:
01.263, maximum 000 00:00:01.266 by Triggered by commit of NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.TestDbRefresh( 10105) 10429;
StressTest OnClick: 10
09:36:28.040 21.02 Operation DB_TRANS_OPEN executions 4 total duration 000 00:00:04.426, average 000 00:00:
01.106, maximum 000 00:00:01.107 by NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.Test_DBmanagera( 9424) 10479;TRANS_OPEN_OnClick: 227
09:36:28.043 21.02 Operation DB_TRANS_CONTROL executions 2 total duration 000 00:00:02.301, average 000 00:00:
01.150, maximum 000 00:00:01.197 by NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.TestDbRefresh( 10105) 10429;StressTest_OnClick: 35
09:36:28.046 21.02 Operation DB_TRANSACT_ABORT executions 8 total duration 000 00:00:08.837, average 000 00:00:
01.105, maximum 000 00:00:01.107 by
09:36:28.049 21.02 ->Table DB.MAT_GROUP total time 000 00:00:04.420
09:36:28.052 21.02 Operation BROWSER_OPEN executions 1 total duration 000 00:00:01.107, average 000 00:00:
01.107, maximum 000 00:00:01.107 by
09:36:28.054 21.02 Operation DB_CONTROL executions 3 total duration 000 00:00:03.313, average 000 00:00:01.104,
maximum 000 00:00:01.105 by NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.Test_DBmanagera( 9424) 10479;DB_CONNECT_OnClick: 109
09:36:28.057 21.02 -> Table DB.MATERIAL total time 000 00:00:16.913
09:36:28.060 21.02 Operation BROWSER_OPEN executions 1 total duration 000 00:00:01.111, average 000 00:00:
01.111, maximum 000 00:00:01.111 by
09:36:28.063 21.02 Operation DB_CONTROL executions 12 total duration 000 00:00:13.276, average 000 00:00:01.106,
maximum 000 00:00:01.129 by con 1:DBS_READ
NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.TestDbRefresh( 10105) 10429;StressTest_OnClick: 20
09:36:28.065 21.02 Operation DB REFRESH TABLE executions 2 total duration 000 00:00:02.526, average 000 00:00:
01.263, maximum 000 00:00:01.266 by Triggered by commit of NS1PHUM3_HI.HIS;S.TestDbRefresh( 10105) 10429;
StressTest OnClick: 10
```

# Optimization and debugging

The database parameters can be set in process D2000 CNF. A connection created by the action SQL\_CONNECT contains these parameters in its connect string.

Parameter name in CNF	Parameter name in connect string
Precreated connections	PRE=
Maximum connections	MAX=
Maximum automatic connections	NTC=
Reserved browser connections	BRC=
Close unused connections after (sec)	CLOSE=
Close DBManager after timeout (min)	WDC=
Debug	DEBUG
Off	OFF
Maximum returned rows	MR=
Empty operations after inactivity period	EO=

Example: settings of database additional parameters in its connect string:

DEBUG;PRE=10;MAX=120;CLOSE=300;NTC=20;WDC=7;MR=1000

For the database, saving the debug information into the file DBManager.log is enabled. After starting process D2000 DBManager, there are to be precreated 10 connections to the database, maximal number of connections is 120. A connection, that is not used, will be closed after 300 seconds, maximal number of automatic connections is 20, the internal watchdog terminates process D2000 DBManager if some connections to the database is not functioning (is frozen) for more than 7 minutes.

- · For reasons of the speed optimization and mutual client non-blocking, process D2000 DBManager creates more than one automatic connection to database. Automatic connections can be created immediately after starting process D2000 DBManager, so they are prepared to be used (e.g. creating a connection in case of the database of Oracle type may take 1 second or more and it causes delaying in ESL scripts). Number of the precreated connections can be adjusted in process D2000 CNF the object of Database type using the parameter Precreated connections. Maximal number of connections can be limited by parameter Maximum connections, while the value 0 disables the limitation. If process D2000 DBManager uses all connections, then next call to create connection (DB\_TRANS\_OPEN) will return the error DBM\_MAX\_CONNECTIONS.
- Using the parameter Maximum automatic connections allows to set a maximum number of connections created automatically. When the parameter is not set, then:
  - o at most 1/4 of Max connections will be used for automatic connections
  - o if Max<4, only 1 automatic connection will be created
  - o if Max=0, at most 5 automatic connections will be created (default value)

If process D2000 DBManager uses the maximum number of automatic connections, then a new connection will not be created as a result of the next request (e.g. non-transactional SQL\_CONNECT, PG\_CONNECT or DB\_CONNECT), but one of the existing will be used. The parameter Ma ximum automatic connections is important for the database to not exceed the defined number of connections.

- For time optimalisation reasons the process D2000 DBManager "recycles" existing connections. If a connection is closed (e.g. DB\_TRANS\_CLOSE) or is not used (it is the result of SQL\_CONNECT and SQL\_DISCONNECT performed), then it is signed as available. Available connections can be repeatedly used; it saves time to connect to the database and accelerates execution of scripts. The available connections, that do not belong to prepared ones and are not used, will be terminated after expiration of the time defined in the parameter Close unused connections in seconds (precreated connections are not being terminated). Adjusting the parameter to a negative value will tell process D2000 DBManager not to terminate available connections - in this case their number will increase and it will reflect the status of D2000 DBManager during the maximum system load.
- To speed-up the operations of browser displayer it is possible to reserve a pool of connections for these operations (browser opening, changing pages and the action DB\_REFRESH\_TABLE) using the parameter BRC - Reserved browser connections. This feature is supported starting with
  - The advantage is that no other non-transactional operations (which can last several seconds or more) will be executed by these reserved connections and the action DB\_REFRESH\_TABLE as well as changing pages can be faster than in default configuration when the browser operations are executed by automatic connections.
  - Note: if the value of parameter BRC Reserved browser connections is zero, the browser operations are executed by automatic connections, which was default before this parameter was implemented.
- Debug and information logs: process D2000 DBManager enables to display several levels of debugging logs which are in closer detail described
- Termination of process D2000 DBManager in consequence of "frozen" connections: D2000 DBManager contains the internal watchdog, which detects every minute, whether some connection to the database is not "frozen" (i.e. service thread did not return from calling of ODBC interface). In this case, process D2000 DBManager will write into a log file. If the watchdog detects such a situation n-times in a consecutive sequence (while n can be adjusted in the parameter Close DBManager after timeout), it will terminate process D2000 DBManager. Default value 0 means that D2 000 DBManager will not be terminated.
- Parameters for the connections created by means of the command SQL\_CONNECT using so-called connect string: as these connections are not related to objects of Database type, but DSN is directly defined in the connect string, setting of the parameters can be performed directly in the connect string.

Example:

UID=name;PWD=user's password;DSN=DSN name;ACD;Debug;CLOSE=300

Debug information for the created connection will be written to file. Unused connection will be closed up after 300 seconds.

Available connection can be "recycled" if its connect string is the same as the connect string of the connection being created.

Debug and information logs of these connections that are "independent" on the object of Database type: 08:59:45.710 Indep# 3 DSN=TestX:SQL\_FETCH BEG 08:59:45.710 Indep# 3 DSN=TestX:SQL\_FETCH END

the log informs us that "independent" connection no. 3, DSN of which is "TestX", performed the action SQL\_FETCH.

If parameter **Debug** is set on at least one independent connection, then the log also contains periodical information about the independent connections (written to log once a minute):

09:14:27.752 Db Independent connects WD: 1 (1/0/0) cons:normal-1

the log informs us that there exists only one independent connection and is currently in use. Numbers in brackets give numbers of non-transactional, transactional and browser connections.

# SV.\_System\_DBMDbPerf

From above mentioned, it results that there exist three groups of connections (database connections along with the service tasks) for each object of *Databa* se type in every time, but their quantity within a group is limited in some way (or it is not according to settings).

Type of connections:

- transaction (they are created by calling DB\_TRANS\_OPEN in ESL),
- non-transaction automatic (NTC),
- non-transaction browser connections (BTC) in case of reservation.

When increased load, there occurs such a state that there are more requests than connections, that is why the requests are enqueued by their type. The structured variable "SV.\_System\_DBMDbPerf" is specially used for monitoring of queue status.

Each row of structured variable describes all three fronts by the three values that are updated each 10[s] (see SV.\_System\_DBMDbPerf).

- ConNr number of connections within a group,
- CurrRq current number of requests for a group,
- MaxRq maximum number of requests for a group during elapsed period.

The monitoring of requests in the queue enables to find out whether the number of connections within the group is sufficient, how fast the group is able to service the requests, and whether it is necessary to increase the number of connections within the group (however, increasing of connections need not increase the number of requests processed per unit of time, for example, if the database server is overloaded,...).

The value in the column "Database" in object SV.\_System\_DBMDbPerf identifies:

- name of object Database or
- name of object *Process* with a suffix DBM (DbManager). In this case, the values in a row represents the summary number of requests and connections for all databases that are serviced by the appropriate process.